The Victoria Daily Times.

Vol. 7.—Fourth Year. VICTORIA, B. C., WEDNESDAY, JULY 6, 1887. No. 22

Oh! Oh! Oh!

Notice the Difference Between a March Price and a July Reduction:

$35 SUITS REDUCED TO - - - $25.
$9 PANTS do. - - - $6.

Having Bought an extra large line of FALL TWEEDS and SUITINGS, we have determined to clear out our old Stock at less than cost FOR 30 DAYS ONLY. Now is your time for a Cheap Suit. We mean what we say.—An inspection solicited.

A. GILMORE, The Leading Tailor,
JOHNSON STREET.

A CASE OF BROADWAY VESTINGS,
JUST RECEIVED AT
LEASK & MORRISON'S, THE LEADING TAILORS.
☞ CALL EARLY AND GET THE CHOICEST PATTERNS.

Condensed Advertisements

Inserted on this page, such as Situations Vacant, Situations Wanted, For Sale, To Let, Personal, Lost and Found, and similar advertisements, when not exceeding five lines—forty words—three insertions for 50 cents, and one week (six times) for 75 cents; and if more than one week, 25 cents additional to the foregoing, per week, will be charged.

PROFESSIONAL AND BUSINESS CARDS inserted at the following special rates: Cards occupying five or seven lines space, classified, $6 per month. Each additional line, ten words, 50 cents per line per month.

Special arrangements made for advertisements not inserted every day.

WANTED.

BOY WANTED.

Wanted, at the Times office, immediately, a stout, active lad, possessing a good English education, not less than 16 years of age, to learn the Printing business.

WANTED—A middle aged lady as housekeeper in a small family; country home. Address T. D. Lindsay, TIMES Office. jul5 6t

WANTED—A man and his wife to take charge and do the work of a Hotel in the interior. For further particulars as to wages, &c., apply to John Murray, Spence's Bridge; also state references. jul4 6t

WANTED—A young or middle-aged woman to attend to Mrs. Seeley, Austral-an Hotel. Work very light, and a good home. With wages. Apply to Mr. Seeley. jy2 6t

WANTED—A young man would like to meet with an engagement (Dry Goods or General Merchandise) in town or country. First class references. Address "J." P. O. Box 516. jy5 6t

WANTED—A girl to do chamber work in a leading hotel in New Westminster. To a suitable person highest wages will be paid. Address HOTEL TIMES office jy4tf

WANTED—An experienced cook wanted for a leading hotel in New Westminster. Highest wages paid and comfortable position to suitable party. Address HOTEL TIMES office. jy4tf

WANTED—A woman, capable of taking care of children. Apply to Mrs. Powell, Burdette Avenue, between 10 a. m. and 12 m. jy1

WANTED—A young girl to do light house work in a small family. Address B, this office. jy7

TO AGENTS THE CANADIAN NEEDLE Co., 46 and 48 Front Street East, Toronto get up the Neatest, most Complete and Best Selling Needle Package in America. Send 25 Cents for Sample of New No. 4, finished in fine Finish. Particulars sent when stamps are enclosed for reply.

Don't worry if you are out of employment. Write to Mr. KOWDY, 61 Wellington Street East, Toronto. Send stamps for reply.

LOST.

LOST—Two Black Silk Parasols; left in some store or lost from carriage. The finder will be rewarded by leaving same at the TIMES office. jul6 6t

LOST—$5 REWARD:—Lost, a GREEN BOAT, with red gunwale. Apply to Mr. Drake, Point Ellice. jy4 6t

TO RENT.

TO LET.—A Cottage, situated in pleasant locality and a healthy part of the city; with or without furniture. Address "V." at this office. july5 6t

TO LET OR LEASE.—The Store on Government street, third south of Trounce Alley, occupied by Brown & White as a Dry Goods Store. Apply to BROWN & WHITE. my31 tf

TO RENT.—A small furnished house, quite in the country, with garden, about half-hour's walk from P. O. Use of stable if required. Apply to Messrs Lowenberg, Harris & Co. may18.

FOR RENT.—A Restaurant, and 15 rooms, doing a good business in connection with a Hotel; a good chance for a man and wife who thoroughly understand the business. For particulars apply at this office. my14

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—One pair carriage horses, 5 years old, 1 Clyde dray horse, 1 dark chestnut carriage horse, 1 bay saddle pony. Apply to F. Reynolds, Yates St. jy2 6t

FOR SALE.—An established Hotel business with a paying trade centrally situated within a short distance of the Post Office. A good investment for a good man with CASH. Address, for particulars, "HOTEL," TIMES office.

TEAS, WINES AND SPIRITS.

JOHN BOYD,
IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE DEALER
in Teas, Wines and Spirits. Finest Scotch Whiskies, specially selected for their excellent qualities, are unsurpassed in the Province. P. O. 403 YATES STREET. febl4m1y

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA Lodge, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B. C. R.—Regular Communication the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple corner Douglas and Pandora streets. mar2 12m R. B. ENNOUF, Secretary.

AN ENTERTAINMENT IS GIVEN AT TEMPERANCE Hall every Saturday evening. Good Temperance speakers and Musical Selections, with Recitations forming a good programme. The Blue Ribbon Band will be in attendance. All are cordially invited. Chair taken at 7:30 o'clock precisely. S. GRAY, President.

ST. ANDREWS and CALEDONIAN Society meets in their hall, Broughton street, between Government and Broad streets, on the FIRST FRIDAY of every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join. ROBERT MITCHELL, Secretary.

P. H. DONOVAN,
ARCHITECT.
Office Fort street between Blanchard and Quadra.
VICTORIA, B. C.

Victoria Water Works Regulation By-Law.

Until otherwise ordered by the Water Commissioner by notice to be published seven days before taking effect, from the 1st day of April to the 30th day of September, both inclusive in each year, no consumer of the water of the said Water Works shall use such water for irrigating or street sprinkling except during the hours between five o'clock in the evening on the respective days mentioned and nine o'clock in the next following morning, namely:

In YATES STREET WARD, on Mondays and Thursdays.

In JAMES' BAY WARD, on Tuesdays and Fridays; and

In JOHNSON STREET WARD, on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

And the water of the said Water Works shall not be used for irrigating or street sprinkling outside of the limits of the said city. Consumers of water of the said Water Works will please note the above and govern themselves accordingly, as the Bylaw will be strictly enforced. THOMAS RUSSELL, Water Commissioner.

City Hall, May 27, 1887. may27

No 148.

A BYLAW

Respecting the Municipal Assessment Roll for the year 1887.

Passed 29th June, 1887.

Be it enacted by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. The Assessment Roll of the said City for the year 1887 shall be returned by the Assessor to the Clerk of the Municipal Council on the fifteenth day of July 1887.

2. All persons complaining of their respective assessments on the said Roll shall, within one month after the time hereinbefore fixed for returning the said Roll, give notice thereof in writing to the Clerk of the Municipal Council, specifying in such notice the grounds of their respective complaints.

3. All complaints of which due notice shall have been given under the last preceding section shall be heard at the City Hall, Victoria, on the 17th day of August 1887 at 11 o'clock in the forenoon or as soon thereafter as they can be heard. jy30

John Weiler,
MANUFACTURER OF
FURNITURE
OF ALL GRADES,
And Importer of
Crockery, Glassware, Lamps, Cutlery, Plated Ware, Carpets, Oilcloth, Linoleum,
AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.
—AGENT FOR DOMINION—
WIRE MATTRESSES,
Only Mattress Manufactured in Canada using Oil Tempered Springs; awarded First Prize wherever exhibited, and testimonials from leading institutions throughout the whole Dominion. Call and examine them. Also
IRON BEDSTEADS
Combined with above Mattress.
☞ The Trade Supplied at Lowest Rates.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.
P. O. Box 218, Victoria, B. C.
jan26

FOR SALE,
Craigflower Steam Mills
Now doing a good business. Capable of making the best article of
OATMEAL
In the Province. Also,
A PEARL BARLEY MILL
Together with a SAWMILL, 60-inch Saw. An Oatmeal Miller will find this a rare opportunity. Apply to
sept21 D. F. ADAMS.

A. W. JONES,
Real Estate and Financial Agent.
AGENCY OF THE
Canada Life Assurance Co'y.
Two doors from Telegraph office, Government street. jy2

LOTS FOR SALE
42 Building Lots on Chatham, North Park, Chambers and Pandora Streets.
Favorable Terms.
Apply to GEO. STELLY, Yates Street
je29-dw-1mo

To Speculators.
THE OWNERS OF ELEVEN HUNDRED AND twenty acres of land on Kokasilah River, Cowichan district, Vancouver Island, containing COAL, IRON, &c., will make most favorable terms with any respectable party with some capital who will assist in the development of this property. To parties of enterprise this is a first rate opportunity. For particulars Apply to THOS. C. NUTTALL, Government St. Victoria, B. C.
Victoria, B. C. 30th May 1887.

To Whom it May Concern.
The undersigned, Importers and Dealers in Teas, hereby notify the trade generally that the letters,
"M M"
is one of their Specific trade marks, and name for Teas Imported and sold by them. As such trade mark is registered in Ottawa, Canada, at the department of Agriculture, "Copyright & Trade Mark Branch," all persons or firms using said trade mark will be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law.
SIEGFRIED & BRANDENSTEIN.
jy2 3t

Executors' Settlement.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE ESTATE of E. W. BRINK are requested to make immediate payment to Charles Pennie, at Pennie's Station, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them, duly verified, to the same person on or before the 10th day of July, 1887.

CASH TENDERS

Will be received by the same person up to the 1st July, 1887, for the following Stock:
One hundred head of Beef Cattle, more or less, between two and four years' old.
One hundred and fifty head of Breeding Cattle, and
Fifty Head of Breeding Horses.
All bids to be approved or rejected at discretion of the subscribers.

J. C. BOIMS, }
A. SEMLIN, } Executors.
CHAS. PENNIE, }
Ashcroft, B. C., June 18, 1887. je30-jul10

At Cheapside.

JUST ARRIVED.
Fancy Dinner and Tea Sets, Very Cheap.
Fancy Chamber Sets, at very Low Prices
Lamps, Stoves, and General
Household Furniture,
New and Secondhand, Cutlery, &c
Gardening and Carpenter's Tools always in stock. Settlers' and Miners' Outfits a specialty.
GEO. POWELL & CO.,
Cheapside, DeCosmos' Block, Government St. Victoria March 12 1887. 2m D&W

DELICIOUS!

The undersigned beg to announce that they are again making their celebrated
ICE CREAM!
And are prepared to supply the public in quantities to suit, by the glass, quart or gallon.
STEITZ BROS.,
YATES STREET. my13

Just Arrived,
40,000 CHOICE
Tahiti Oranges.
For sale in lots cheap.
je14 SIMON LEISER.

RUPTURE.

Egan's New Scientific Truss
After 15 years of labor and trial, on this appliance, it is now perfect, will *hold any case of Hernia*, during hardest work or severest strain. In running, jumping or lifting. *CURED RUPTURE* where all others failed even to hold. The proprietor of *this paper has evidence of three cases. Send stamps for treatise, containing your neighbor's testimony*, price list, &c.
Please mention this paper, describe your rupture, and way if it comes down, and if on right, left, or both sides, also *kind of work* you do.
Address DR. J. Y. EGAN, Hernia Specialist, Toronto, Canada. may30 D&W

Jubilee Ginger Ale.

PARTIES wishing this delicious beverage for the 21st and 23rd, are requested to send in their orders without delay to
PHIL. R. SMITH,
Corner Douglas and Pembroke streets
Pints, 5c.; Quarts, 10c. per bottle.
jul2 1m

3000 NEW BOXES,

Suitable for Fruit Packing.
For sale by
J. & A. CLEARIHUE,
jul7 1m Yates Street.

NOTICE.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between Dietrich Hamm and Louis Marbouef of the Poodle Dog Rotisserie and Hotel, Yates Street, Victoria B. C., has been this day dissolved by mutual consent.

The business will be hereafter carried on by the said Louis Marbouef, who will receive all money owing to, and pay all liabilities of the late firm.

Witness, E. N. JOHNSON D. HAMM
Notary Public, Victoria B. C. L. MARBOUEF
jy29-6t

PROF. GOLDWIN SMITH.

What the English Press Think of His Attack on the National Policy.

His Claim that Commercial Union is the Only Solution of the Difficulty.

A London special to the Toronto *Mail* says: "Several of the leading provincial papers have articles on Professor Goldwin Smith's letter to the *Standard*, which is attracting profound attention here. After describing the geographical position of the several Canadian provinces, which are divided from each other by natural barriers, and stating that closer economical relations exist between the provinces and the United States territory adjoining them than between the provinces themselves, the letter goes on to say: "Up to this time, however, statesmanship has been struggling, in the supposed interest of the Empire, and at the same time in the interest of a political party here, to weld together what nature has severed, and to divide what she has united. The two instruments of this policy have been the political railroad and the Custom House. In the Intercolonial Canada has been made to sink forty millions of dollars, and in the C. P. R. she has been made to sink a hundred millions, not a cent of which in either case will she ever see again in any shape. As to the protective tariff, you will hardly need to be told that it is a dead failure. Canada, as a comparatively small country, with a limited range of production, feels the full disadvantages of the protective system, which are largely neutralized by the immense range of

THE HOME PRODUCTION

in the case of the United States. One of the advocates of the policy admitted the other day that the capital invested in our protected manufactures, were protection withdrawn, would not now be worth more than a third of its par value, and at the same time that Canada was unable to make dry goods, which would for a moment bear competition with those made in the United States; so that two-thirds of the interest on protected capital must be paid by public taxation, and we are not only prevented from selling in a good market, but forced to buy in a bad one. All the protected interests are flocking to Ottawa and assuring the Finance Minister that they cannot get on without more protection, and another copious source of intrigue and corruption is opened in our legislation and elections." After a reference to the former tax on coal and to the duties on breadstuffs designed to force Ontario flour into the Maritime Provinces, the letter proceeds: "Nature and man are now in revolt against this system, which will soon have no supporters outside a circle of politicians, except the protected manufacturers, and not all of these, for the more enterprising of them are ready to take their chance in the great and highly protected market of the United States. The revolt will spread. Commercial union is rapidly becoming the question of the day; while Manitoba is in arms against the monopolist privileges of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and bent on opening up communications with the United States instead of being condemned, as the separatist policy condemns her,

TO HAVE NO OUTLET

for her produce but Montreal, which is 1,500 miles off, and is not a winter port. The great national industries of the country are not organized for political action like the political manufacturers, and are slow to move, but when they do move their interests must prevail. The protectionist manufacturers appeal to our loyalty and contend that while it is right to exclude British goods by protective duties, it would be a breach of our duty to the Empire to discriminate against them, as we should by entering into a zollverein with the United States; but the exclusion surely is the real injury. Discrimination is little more than an ill-sounding name." After some observations with regard to the abandonment of the commercial unity of the Empire in the case both of Canada and Australia, the letter concludes with these words: "Though I am not what is called an Imperialist, I would forfeit all I possess rather than vote for what I believe to be really injurious to England; but I am thoroughly convinced that the opening of free trade between Canada and the United States not only would do England no injury, but would, in the end, most certainly redound to her advantage. At all events, it is desirable that you should view the question in its full extent and in all its bearings; that in censuring Canada for the imposition of the iron duty you should be aware that the duty is part of a system which pleads Imperial policy as its justification, and that the mother country and the colony, in this hour of peril, should run no risk of quarrelling in the dark."

"ERRARE HUMANUM EST."

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES:

SIR,—Will you allow me a little space in your valuable paper to correct a slight misapprehension respecting our claims to "Academic honors," which seems to have got afloat in Victoria? We are not, could not be, and I need scarcely say, have never represented ourselves to be "Royal Academicians," my husband being debarred from that honor by his nationality as a Frenchman, and I, alas! by my sex; no woman-painter ever having been admitted to the membership of that august body with the exception of Angelica Kauffman, the friend and pupil of Sir Joshua Reynolds—the first President. But our name will be found in the Royal Academy catalogues as exhibiting in 1877, 1878, 1879, 1880, 1881 and 1882. Since the latter year we have been traveling in America, and have not sent to the Royal Academy. Obediently yours,
G. M. DE L. AUBINIERE.
Rocosbella, July 6, 1887.

The Canadian Pacific authorities have been signifying their intention of organizing, at the beginning of August, an excursion to the Northwest for members of the clergy exclusively.

The late Mr. Gault, M. P., has left a fortune of nearly five million dollars to be divided among his family.

The government has dispatched secret customs officers to points along the Ontario frontier near Detroit, to investigate alleged charges of the refusal of the American authorities to prevent laborers resident in Canada to work in the States.

Senator Clemow says the contract for the construction of the Northwest Central will finally be awarded on Wednesday.

NOTES FROM OREGON.

What a Former British Columbian Thinks of the State—An Interesting Trip Hence.

ALBANY, Or., July 1.—On the 22nd of June I left the hospitable shores of British Columbia, which had been my home for some years. It was with pain that I saw its blue shores receding from the view; indeed I think I felt more sorrow than I did when I left my home in the east for the unknown Pacific coast. But once under way the ever changing panorama that passed before my admiring eyes drew my mind irresistibly to itself.

Oh! that sail down the Sound on that early summer day was a poem in colors! I ensconsed myself on a pile of sail in the bow, and with my hat tilted over my brows, and my eyes half shut, I drank in the beauty of a dream of enchantment. The cool breeze counteracted the heat of the sun; and then the picture! The deep blue water ruffled no more than a meadow lake; the dark blue forest and in the back ground; the serrated range of the Cascades, with its gigantic outposts at either end, Baker and Tacoma, while behind me, whenever I summoned energy enough to look in that direction, rose the rugged mass of the Olympian mountains.

On my way south I stopped over night at Tacoma, the N. P. terminus. They were making great preparations for the "glorious Fourth." Every available spot was being turned into accommodation for visitors. While there I met Prof. Tait, formerly of the Collingwood, Ont. Collegiate Institute, and now of the Protestant Episcopal College here. He is doing good work and under his supervision the school is rapidly advancing both in members and in scholarship. He says that a great number of the most responsible offices on the Northern Pacific Railway are held by Canadians. Indeed it is a sure thing that one never hears of a Canadian defaulter. Many Canadians are men of standing in the terminal city of whom I believe is due a good deal of its push and energy.

The farmers along the Cowlitz and Columbia river bottoms are having a hard time of it at present. The Columbia is very high and that has backed up the Cowlitz till there is a regular flood. In the lower part of Kalama village the water is several feet deep.

Where I now am is the very centre of the far famed Willamette valley; not great seas of land like the prairies of the central states and the Northwest; but a delightful mixture of bush and prairie land. On first view one would say this is fairy land, so beautiful is it; but on closer examination it will be found to have its drawbacks. One is the exceeding dryness of the summers. Last year potatoes were $2 per bushel on this account and this year the wheat and hay crops are very light. The thirty to fifty bushels of wheat per acre which one hears of when away from Oregon dwindles to sixteen to twenty when close at hand. Considering all things, I think the farmers of British Columbia have fallen upon as pleasant places as any I have seen down here.

Albany is a pretty little town, where the Calipooia and Willamette meet. It has been a sleepy little country town till lately, but has been waked up by the building of the Oregon Pacific Railroad. This runs now from here to Yaquina Bay, on the other side of the coast range, whence a line of steamers run to San Francisco. The railroad is being built from here easterly to meet the Chicago and Northwestern at Boise City, Idaho. This makes Albany the junction of the O. & C. R. R. and the O. P. R. R., and consequently property is going up with a rush. Dr. Ellis, the most prominent physician here, and Chas. Curran, real estate agent, with many other prominent citizens, are Canadians. R.

POLICE COURT.

(Before E. Johnson, Q. C., S. M.)

Ah Noon and Ah Kin were charged with being in possession of an accordeon, knowing the same to have been stolen. The charge against Ah Noon was withdrawn. Ah Kin was remanded till Friday.

Mrs. R. Green, summoned to answer to the charge of killing chickens with intent to steal, did not appear. Mrs. Quinn, the party laying the information, not appearing, the charge was dismissed.

Andrew White was charged with being in possession of smuggled goods. Supt. Bloomfield said the accused had been arrested last night on the supposition that he was in possession of smuggled goods, but it had been found that he was not guilty of any offence against the law, excepting that requiring the clearance of exported goods, and would therefore ask for his discharge. The 100 pounds of opium found in his possession would have to be handed over to the customs.

MARINE.

The bark L. Derby passed down at midnight last night in tow of the Pilot with a cargo of lumber for Valparaiso.

The ship Riverside is loaded at Moodyville for San Diego, Cal., and the bark Pacific Slope is also at Moodyville loaded for Sidney, N. S. W. Both waiting for tugs.

Mining in the Selkirks.

The Kamloops *Sentinel* is of the opinion that the Illecillewaet has evidently a golden future before it. Mr. G. B. Wright has in the neighborhood of fifty men working in his mine at that place, and it is said they are striking it rich. Mr. Wright has introduced some of the most modern and effective machinery, and ore-crushing operations will be commenced in a few days. The mines are rich in gold, silver and grey copper. It is said that $1,500 to the ton has been assayed. The formation is mostly slate and the ledges well defined. Wood, water, and transportation are all at hand, and there is little doubt that the mines will pan out well.

Attractions at Fulton Market.

Residents of the city, as well as visitors, should not miss the opportunity of visiting Fulton Market, Johnson street, where are to be seen a collection of monkeys, trained; speaking parrots, mocking birds, English thrushes, black birds and sterlings, magpies, and many other species of the singing and feathered tribe. Tourists in want of souvenirs can do no better than give this place a call.

Pianos and Organs.

One first-class, second-hand, upright Piano, good as new, and one first-class Organ, American make, for sale by H. PETERS, Jamieson's book store.

Cheap.

The song and chorus with piano part of Awake! O Happy Nation, price 10s. Also two beautiful new songs at C. A. Lombard & Co.'s, Government street.

CABLE DISPATCHES.

A Political Crisis Probable in England—Matthews to be Sacrificed.

Latest from Zanzibar—The Emperor William at Ems—Gossip.

A POLITICAL CRISIS.

LONDON, July 5.—In the Commons to-night Campbell Bannerman, formerly Chief Secretary for Ireland, gave notice that he would introduce amendments on the second reading of the Irish land bill. No land measure would be satisfactory which backed such revision of judicial rents as would not result in a fall in prices. An animated discussion took place over the conduct of the police in arresting a young man named Cass, who is of pure repute as an improper character. The debate resulted in defeat of the government by a vote of 153 to 148. Criticisms of members were directed less against the police authorities than against Matthews, Home Secretary, who was accused of shielding the officials. A number of Liberal-Unionists voted with the majority. It is expected that the defeat of the government will lead to the resignation of Matthews.

WHITE ELEPHANTS.

LONDON, July 3.—*Vanity Fair* says: The Queen of Hawaii undoubtedly intended to pay our Queen and our nation a great national compliment by coming to be present at the jubilee; but undoubtedly the court officials find Her Majesty somewhat of a white elephant on their hands. For instance, at Buckingham Palace, the King of Saxony was blandly informed by the court officials that he was requested to take the Queen of Hawaii Islands in to supper. "The devil I am," brusquely replied His Majesty. "I'll see everybody in—first before I take a black woman into supper. The King was accordingly assigned the Queen of Belgians, and the Duke of Edinburgh had to sacrifice himself on the altar of patriotism. The sister of the Queen of Hawii, Princess Liliokolani, is now styled the "Princess Lily of Killarney" by the people, who are helpless when they try to pronounce her name.

SERIOUS WAR PROBABLE IN AFGHANISTAN.

LONDON, July 4.—Advices from Cabul say that the Ameer, suspecting the fidelity of the Janishedies, near Herat, owing to visits of a Russian emissary, imprisoned the Khan, and threatened to execute him unless his tribe send to Cabul some of their chiefs as hostages. A number of head men of the Janishedies have gone over to the Russians. The forts at Herat have been repaired, and the crops around the city harvested.

JOHN BRIGHT ON IRELAND.

LONDON, July 4.—John Bright has written a letter in which he says that Ireland is not neglected, but that good measures in relation to that country passed since 1880 have been obstructed by a conspiracy deriving its funds and inspiration from American enemies of England. But for the conspiracy, he says, the great land bill of 1881 would have made Ireland tranquil.

IN FAVOR OF GRANTING APPEALS.

LONDON, July 4.—Balfour, Chief Secretary for Ireland, replying through his secretary to Healy's charge of breach of faith in connection with the crimes bill, says the government is still in favor of granting an appeal from sentence in all cases; that he found the law already existing fully adequate, and further legislation was not needed.

THE EARL OF WILTSHIRE.

LONDON, July 4.—John Paulet, Marquis of Winchester and Earl of Wiltshire and Premier Marquis of England, is dead.

A SENSATIONAL STORY.

PARIS, July 4.—*Le Figaro* asserts that the heir of a great kingdom, meaning Crown Prince Frederick William of Prussia, has visited the Count of Paris at Sheenhouse, for the purpose of warning him that the Flouquet-Boulanger ministry would mean war between France and Germany within a month after their taking office, and that the policy adopted by the monarchy party should be based on that warning.

Advices from Zanzibar announce that the Portuguese have surrendered to the British and German Consuls. The Sultan's steamer Kolwa, seized during the dispute between Zanzibar and Portugal, concerning the claims of the latter to Cape Delgado. Portugal will also pay Zanzibar an indemnity.

Emperor William has arrived at Ems, accompanied by Count Lesendorff. He was driven in an open carriage through Bahnhans Strasse, Kurans. Bahnhans Strasse was gaily decorated, and throughout the drive the Emperor was everywhere greeted with most enthusiastic cheers.

In the trial of Leipsic German officials who are accused of furnishing the French Government with information regarding the military situation of Germany, the prosecution has closed its case. The evidence is strong against Klein and Greber. According to sworn statements of the war authorities the prisoners divulged to the French government information of a character which greatly endangered the position of Germany. The counsel on both sides will begin their arguments on Wednesday.

The Chamber of Deputies by a vote of 467 to 41 adopted a clause of the military bill providing for three years service and suspending discussion of the bill. The Chamber also voted 527 to 5 the urgency for a proposal to raise to seventy francs per hectalitre the duty on foreign alcohol.

AMERICAN NEWS.

MORTALITY IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 5.—The mortality in this city begins to excite alarm. To-day the deaths of 208 were recorded.

DEATH OF MARY RICHARDSON.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 5.—Mrs. Mary A. Richardson, the widow of Captain Wm. Richardson, the founder of San Francisco, died at San Quentin yesterday. She was the daughter of Lieutenant Martinez, commandant of the Mexican garrison at the Presidio, having been born there in 1809.

WILL NOT COMPETE.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 5.—The Southern Pacific Company has no intention of meeting the Canadian Pacific's new round trip rates. T. H. Goodman, General Passenger Agent of that company said today that the foreign road was not being fought by the Southern Pacific on passenger business, whatever they might do on freight business.

CANADIAN DESPATCHES.

A GAY DECEIVER.

MONTREAL, July 3.—A fashionably dressed fellow, resembling a university student, was arrested yesterday on a charge preferred by Mr. Iles, manager of the Windsor hotel, of forgery and fraud. The young man, about a week ago, registered as T. P. Hall, of New York. He lived high, spent lots of money and entertained like a lord. On Monday he informed the manager his name was not Hall but Walker Blaine, that he was the oldest son of James G. Blaine; that his object in registering as he did was to avoid newspaper reporters and interviewers. He showed letters purporting to be from Blaine and a draft for $1,000. This he drew against the Bank of Montreal. He gave checks signed "Walker Blaine," which were cashed at the hotel, and he purchased largely of jewelry throughout the city. Altogether his frauds will foot up $2,000.

The fellow was identified by a New Yorker here as Herbert Taylor, son of Evan Taylor, Worcester, Massachusetts. As soon as he saw the game was up he prepared to skip, taking passage for Europe. His flight was nipped in the bud and now he is behind the bars.

JEWELLERS ASSIGN.

MONTREAL, July 5.—Beaudry & Co., jewelers, made an assignment to-day. Their liabilities are said to be large.

THREE BOYS DROWNED.

FENELON FALLS, Ont., July 4.—Three brothers named Moffett, 12, 15 and 17 years, were drowned to-day while in bathing in Burnt river.

OUR GREAT INTERIOR.

Happenings Beyond the Cascades—Interesting and Gossipy News.

(Condensed from the Kamloops Sentinel.)

Prof. Fowler, of Queen's College, Kingston, was in town botanizing during the week.

Miss M. Dallas left town on Monday evening for Victoria to attend the Provincial Teachers' Examinations to be held at that city.

The Hon. Mr. Davie, Attorney-General and Premier of the province, is in town.

The Thompson river has fallen about eight feet during the week, and is still subsiding. It is hoped that the inconvenience of high water is now over for the season.

Mr. H. Hagan, from Okanagan Mission, is in town, and reports mining to be very active in the Okanagan district. Several mining claims have recently been taken up on Mission Creek, and the prospects are said to be of the most encouraging character.

A heavy hailstorm, lasting about 15 minutes, at Kamloops, passed over the town on Sunday last. No serious damage resulted from its visitation.

Passing through Spallumcheen the middle of the present week a visit was made to the ranches of Squire Graham and others, and the growing crops were found to present the appearance of a very promising harvest.

Priest Valley is progressing favorably. The Hudson's Bay Company propose opening a store this season, which, with the two stores now at that place, will cause a healthy competition.

Mr. McEdwards is now in full charge of the Victoria hotel and is quite popular with the traveling public.

The fine new residence of Squire Wood at Winfield Lodge, is attractive and comfortable as a home.

Crops throughout Mission Valley look well, and pleasant spirits prevail among the people generally.

The new gold discovery at Mission Creek is causing a number of parties to take up claims, and placer mining is becoming extensive.

A strong St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society has been formed at Kamloops. The following officers were elected: Chief, Jas. McIntosh; First Chieftain, Dr. Simon J. Tunstall; Second Chieftain, Donald C. McGillivray; Third Chieftain and Treasurer, Hugh McCutcheon; Fourth Chieftain and Secretary, J. M. Macdonald; Chaplain, Rev. John Chisholm.

Mr. M. Sullivan, an old timer of British Columbia, who has been in the country for 25 years, and is now a successful stock raiser on the North Thompson, left on a visit to his friends in the Eastern States. Before leaving Kamloops he contracted to have a residence built for him in the town. "Coming events cast their shadows before."

A sad accident happened to Mr. Walter Humfrey, of Grand Prairie, whereby he had his leg so badly crushed that he was brought to the Royal Hospital the same evening for treatment.

The examination of the Cache Creek school took place last Friday in the presence of a number of visitors. The pupils were put through their exercises by the teacher, Mr. Clemitson, whose wife also presided at the organ. The pupils acquitted themselves in a satisfactory manner. They were addressed by Mr. Chas. Semlin, M. P. P., and others. Mr. Clemitson after teaching here successfully for four years has resigned his charge to the regret of the trustees and the parents. Prizes at the close of the examination were awarded to the successful pupils.

Patrick Kelly, of Kamloops, was run over by a team near Kamloops and killed last Tuesday. It is supposed he had been drinking and had laid down on the track to sleep. A freight train passed over his body.

The North Thompson school taught by Miss Dallas was examined on the 17th in the presence of a number of parents and visitors. She was congratulated on the success of her efforts. Addresses were delivered by many of those present to the pupils. Prizes were also awarded.

The Kootenay Uprising.

Dr. Powell has informed the Provincial Government that the commission, consisting of himself, A. W. Vowell, S. M., and Col. Herchimer, of the Mounted Police, has amicably settled the threatened uprising of the Kootenay Indians. Chief Isidore has among other things bound himself to deliver the rescued prisoner Caplan whenever required which obviates the necessity of sending the mounted police into the district. Dr. Powell is *en route* to Victoria. Mr. Vowell remains at Wild Horse Creek, and Col. Herchimer has returned east.

The Surveyor-General.

Captain R. Deville, Surveyor-General for the Dominion, arrived last night and is a guest at the Driard. His mission to British Columbia at present is in connection with the topographical and block survey parties, several of whom are now at work between Calgary and the coast. He will remain in the province some weeks ere returning to the east.

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The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Victoria, Wednesday, July 6, 1887.

POLITICAL AND PERSONAL.

The Montreal *Gazette* announces that the government have not yet accepted the resignation of Lieutenant-Governor Masson. Possibly he may be induced to continue in office.

Chief Justice Adam Wilson, of the Common Pleas division of the High Court of Justice of Ontario, intends, it is said, to shortly retire from the bench.

Sir John Macdonald is expected to take a holiday trip soon to England. His presence there might lead to his obtaining some of the jubilee honors that are flying thick in the air.

While 22,000,000 bushels of wheat were cornered in Chicago by speculators 80,000 people in Asia Minor were experiencing a famine. This is a good topic for the George school to work up.

Prior to his departure Sir Charles Tupper was served with notice of a suit for $500 brought against him by Mrs. Bell, wife of a civil servant, for services rendered as a private detective on the Intercolonial six years ago.

Information received from Washington indicates that the interference by American customs officials with Canadians seeking employment in the United States has been prompted by the labor organizations, and not by the American government.

The last budget speech has been printed at the public expense for distribution among members of Parliament and friends of the Government. Sir Charles Tupper seems to be quite proud of his production, for the pamphlet is got up in expensive shape.

It is stated that Mr. W. H. Griffin, deputy Postmaster-General, has been superannuated to make room for a Mr. Pope, a Nova Scotian, who has had no experience in the postal service. Why was Lieut. Col. White, the Secretary of the department, passed over?

The debt of the city of Toronto is $8,000,000. The estimated expenditure this year is $4,125,917, of which it is proposed to borrow $2,305,000. Evidently there are boomsters—discounters of the future—in power at Toronto, and the way they are mortgaging the earnings of the next generation will cause somebody to squeal.

It is not surprising that Sir Charles Tupper prefers the High Commissionership to the portfolio of Minister of Finance. As High Commissioner he draws $10,000 a year, with $3,000 or $4,000 for expenses, and has a palace to live in, whereas as Finance Minister he would receive only $8,000 a year, without any incidentals.

Nearly thirty County Farmers' Institutes in Ontario have pronounced in favor of unrestricted reciprocity with the United States. Only one has gone against the resolution adopted by the Central Institute—that of the County of Dundas, and it qualified its opposition with the admission that greater freedom of trade with the United States would be desirable, and in some respects in the interests of Canadian farmers.

It is likely that Quebec will follow the example of Manitoba, British Columbia and Ontario, and introduce the Torrens system. The Council of the Montreal Board of Trade are advocating its adoption on the ground that the great advantage of the system is that all the titles under it are valid, that by a process as simple as the making out of an ordinary note or bill of sale, real estate can be mortgaged or sold, the whole expense being a small fee to the Master of Titles.

The total value of the goods exported from Canada during the month of May was $5,895,172, of which $35,619,956 was the produce of Canada, and $275,216 the produce of other countries. Of the total exports of Canadian produce $275,005 was the produce of the mine, $317,792 of the fisheries, $1,751,508 of the forest, $1,630,251 animals and their produce, $1,238,975 agricultural produce, $166,280 manufactures and $80,145 miscellaneous articles. The value of goods entered for consumption was $8,729,666. Of this sum the value of dutiable goods was $5,860,898 and the amount of duty paid thereon was $1,729,383.

Next to Queen Victoria, the woman most talked about in England in these jubilee times is Miss Agnata Ramsay, the winner of the first place in the Cambridge classical examination. Miss Ramsay, who is only twenty years old, has distanced all of the male students, although she has studied Greek only four years. Her triumph is not the only female victory in medieval and modern languages, as in the examination, Miss Hervey, of Newton College, stands alone in the first-class of that institution; Miss Tooke, of Newham, at the head of the second class, and Miss Young, of Girton, at the top of the first class of her college. These achievements, which are likely to lead to the immediate admission of women to the Oxford and Cambridge university degrees, have dealt a staggering blow to the theory tenaciously adhered to in those institutions that the intellect of woman is inferior to that of man.

THE J. C. AYER CASE.

In no case of late years has there been so much interest centered as in the above one during its recent trial in Montreal and Ottawa. The sum involved is in the neighborhood of half a million. The proceedings were opened in Montreal before Chief Justice Sir WILLIAM RITCHIE of the Supreme Court of Canada. Eminent counsel on both sides were engaged. The Exchequer Court then adjourned its sittings to Ottawa, where the hearing of the case was resumed on the 28th ult. The first witness examined there was EVAN UNDERHILL, an employee of the Ayer Co. His testimony went to show that the sarsaparilla mixture put up at St. John's was virtually the same as that manufactured and bottled at Lowell, though some ingredients were added at St. John's with the view of making it appear that the medicine was not imported in a finished state. At St. John's he had full charge of putting up the goods in the years 1881, 1882, 1883 and 1884. He had put through the entries of the company at St. John's. No additions were made to their sarsaparilla ingredient when received from Lowell until early in 1883, when they received a visit from Mr. Ambrose, Customs officer, of Montreal, and mixed about one hundred gallons. The object was to be able to say that they mixed sarsaparilla in Canada. The substances used to add to sarsaparilla were iodine and citrate of iron, which were brought from Montreal. UNDERHILL's examination was not concluded when the court rose. The Customs officials acknowledge that UNDERHILL is the informer. He was dismissed from the employ of the AYER Company in March, 1884, and it is alleged that he gave information to the Montreal Custom's officers partly from motives of revenge and partly from a desire to share in the spoils if the seized goods were confiscated and the AYER Company compelled to pay a fine. Some of the entries which UNDERHILL passed and swore to their correctness he now declares to have been fraudulent. Commenting on the evidence of Mr. O'HARA the Deputy Collector at Montreal, the *Star* of that city observed that his testimony proved the inherent viciousness of the spoils system as applied to the Customs Department. The prospect of obtaining a share of the seizure puts temptation in the way of Custom House officers. The evidence showed that not only was espionage resorted to to secure the coveted prize, but deceit, trickery and falsehood. Remarks the reverse of complimentary have been made regarding the conduct of special agents of the customs department by the press of that city, for the peculiar manner in which they conduct their business and investigations. The Board of Trade will take the matter under consideration, when it is expected a thorough discussion of the customs regulations will be entered upon with the view of effecting some radical and much to be desired changes in the whole system.

So far as the Victoria office is concerned not a breath of reproach can be uttered against its management. On a recent occasion its affairs were overhauled by officials who came here under disguise, and made a tour of the shops of the city, as well as the warehouses without making themselves known to the resident officials. It has not transpired that a solitary irregularity was discovered by them in connection with the system enforced by the authorities at this port. This is highly creditable to Mr HAMLEY and his assistants. It reflects the greatest credit also on the importers of Victoria. The officials from the east referred to took their departure somewhat reluctantly, their expectations not being realized.

COMMERCIAL UNION AND FARMING.

Principal BROWN, of the Ontario Agricultural College at Guelph, discusses the advantages to be derived from Commercial Union through the eastern press. In a recent letter he says that whenever any international question is under public discussion, the rush of thought is invariably in one direction—how will it effect us in worldly substance? With Britain, the States and all other countries, the same feeling has always been uppermost, and now that our folks are warming up to Commercial Reciprocity with neighbors unseparated by nature or art, we hear of nothing else but—the dollar—the dollar. This is genuine average human nature, and it is sure of thorough reciprocation from the States of course. But, should this be all our quest? Is it not as much the duty of statesmen to work for the intellectual and moral welfare of the people as for their bread and safety, and particularly now that they are making progress in their professions? I am much in favor of this Commercial Union says the Professor, but in the growing fever of discussion I beg respectfully to draw the attention of your readers to the thought—will it help to make us better farmers? As I am asking for light, and unprepared as yet to give any on this important point, you will allow these reflections only meantime: (1.) Is it possible that five men can associate with fifty and not get influenced? The American farmer is smarter, has more business tact, and is better at looking ahead than his compeer anywhere. (2.) American farmers are co-operating for the advancement of the profession and with the ultimate view of "running" the whole Union. Canada is more agricultural than they are, and hence the lesson to be drawn, and that would be stimulated by association, is plain enough. (3.) Agricultural colleges, experimental stations, farmers' institutes, clubs, newspapers, professional experts and specialties in agriculture are more per capita than in any other land, and would consequently wave over Canada to her advantage. (4.) Better farming in Canada would be brought about by the inflow of money that seems to lie in many millions unused amongst our neighbors. I could name several cases where already $20 more per acre for farms than the present value has been offered in the event of Commercial Union.

PORT ANGELES.

Victoria's Nearest Neighbor Across the Straits in Washington Territory.

Seat of the Puget Sound Company's Co-operative Colony.

[Continued from yesterday's issue.]

WHERE WILL THE MONEY COME FROM?

Where western cities have been built upon private speculation, the town sites, as wild, unimproved lands, were purchased for insignificant sums, laid off into lots, blocks, streets and alleys, and sold at large figures by railroad and other booms, thus realizing millions to capitalists, whose only service consisted in advancing the means to purchase the site, the increased value being added by the settlement of the purchasers; and for that increased value which added many millions to the speculators' investment, the settlers are allowed to look to themselves entirely for the means of subsistence, business and employment. But under the co-operative system the increased value of the town lots and property generally, due to settlement and cultivation, will inure to the colonists, individually and as a whole. The town site, which will be laid off in 100,000 lots, will cost the colony, when fully paid for, about $80,000. Even at the nominal prices fixed by the colony, when all are sold, these

LOTS WILL REALIZE OVER $20,000,000.

As each member must be the owner of at least one share of stock and one lot interest, it becomes apparent that a large and rapidly increasing membership, such as the colony now enjoys, must necessarily guarantee a corresponding degree of financial thrift. But as the wealth accumulates the whole people become richer, and the public utilities, such as electric light and water works, accrue to the people as owners; and as monopolies and speculation are thus prevented, the community being established on an industrial basis, there must be a rapid and uniform prosperity among the people. How simple therefore is the change from capitalistic oppression to individual freedom and property. The people have only to combine their means and industry in this manner, and being true to each other, and to the "declaration of principles," there can be no doubt that such an association would move on with the harmony which belongs to a correct system and with the power of a social and industrial revolution.

VALE OF CO-OPERATIVE EFFORT.

It should be borne in mind that the labor employed not only creates its own wages, but creates also the premium which the enterprising proprietor receives for originating the employment. Viewed from this standpoint, there is a sense in which the labor so co-operating is hiring an employer—that is, it pays a premium to enterprise to originate and direct its employment. Now, the great majority of mankind do not originate employment for themselves. They either have not the ability or disposition to do so. Whatever may be the fault, it is true that the majority of mankind are employed by a very small minority, and it will always be found that this large majority pay very big wages to this small minority for bossing them. Suppose that each of 100 men, employed at any given work, produces in excess of his wages the value of $1 a day. This would, it is clear, give a profit of just $100 a day to their employer. There is no doubt that the same 100 men, by associating their effort and their credit, and possibly their money, could command a sufficiency of that reserve force, which we call capital, to build the shop and purchase the material with which to start business. As between this outline of co-operation and the old system of permitting their labor to be hired by one man, it is clear that there is a difference in favor of co-operation which, in this case, would amount to $100 per day.

WEALTH AND ITS DISTRIBUTION.

The political economists and the communists have much to say concerning the distribution of wealth. Many writers upon the science of political economy have declared that it is the duty of the nation, first to encourage the creation of wealth, and second to direct and control its distribution. All such theories are delusive. The production of wealth is the result of agreement between employer and employed. Its distribution, therefore, will follow the law of its creation, or great injustice will be done. The individual who comes to you claiming that because you have more than himself you should divide a part of it with him, is claiming a per centage in your manhood, a share in your productive capacity. He is denying to you the right to produce, either by your own labor or by the employment of that of others which you have an equal right to do, more than a bare subsistence for yourself. The only distribution of wealth, which is the product of labor, and which will be honest, will come through a more equal distribution of the value of the productive capacity of men, and the co-operative principle leads directly to this consummation.

LEGISLATION AFFORDS NO REMEDY.

All legislative experiments in the way of making forcible distribution of the wealth produced in any country have failed. Their first effect has been to destroy wealth, to destroy productive industries, to paralyze enterprise and to inflict upon labor the greatest calamities it has ever encountered. So long as labor which is sufficiently intelligent to originate its own employment, consents to a voluntary servitude by paying a premium to the one who hires it, so long will the many remain comparatively poor. As at present organized, the industries of the world are under the direction of employers, and to this fact alone is attributed the great disparity of condition existing with reference to the possession of wealth. But

LABOR CAN BE ITS OWN EMPLOYER.

The Hon. Leland Stanford, one of the largest employers of labor on the Pacific slope, has introduced a bill in the U. S. Senate to facilitate the formation of co-operative labor associations. Although he is widely known as a great railway king and millionaire, he is also one of the ablest of American statesmen and a true philanthropist. His great experience with all classes of labor should give weight to his opinions on this subject. Mr. Stanford says: "The great advantage of labor arising out of co-operative effort has been apparent to me for many years. From my earliest acquaintance with the science of political economy it has been evident to my mind that capital was the product of labor; and I have always been fully persuaded that through co-operation labor could become its own employer. The investment and employment of capital is dependent entirely on the product of labor employed by it." The success of such labor associations in France, Britain and on the continent is well known. In fact society, taken as a whole, is in great measure a co-operative association, having in its municipal character a common fund and the enjoyment of certain property in common.

MORAL BENEFITS OF CO-OPERATION.

In addition to the many advantages and material prosperity which co-operation confers, there are great and significant benefits to ensue through it to the character of men. The employee is usually regarded by the employer merely in the light of his value as an operative. His productive capacity alone is taken into account. His character for honesty, truthfulness, good moral habits is disregarded, unless his bad habits interfere with the extent and quality of his services. But when men are about to enter partnership in the way of co-operation, the whole range of character comes under careful scrutiny. Each member of such an association being his own employer, works with interest and energy. Each has an interest in the other; in his health, sobriety, intelligence and competency, and each is a guard upon the others conduct. There would be no idling in a co-operative workshop. Each workman, being an employer, has a spur to his own industry, and also has a pecuniary reason for being watchful of the industry of his fellow-workmen. The character of man invariably rises with the assumption of higher responsibilities, and with the accession of men to the higher plane of becoming their own employers there may be expected a corresponding accession of more ambitious and interested activity and higher character.

No doubt the progress of this social industrial reform association will be closely watched by all the orthodox communities.

The Manufacture of Ribbons.

It is known that the manufacture of ribbons was fairly established in St. Etienne, France, in the eleventh century, and that the place remains to this day the principal center of the industry. During the persecution of the Huguenots in that country many of the St. Etienne operatives went to Basle, Switzerland, and established the industry there, where it became second only to St. Etienne. The third most important center was Coventry, Eng., but Crefeld and Vienna are also large producing centers. To-day there are manufactured in the United States quite as many ribbons as are made in St. Etienne. The product of Switzerland consists mainly of plain styles; that of France largely of fine and fancy millinery goods; that of Crefeld mainly of black silk and black velvet ribbons, the latter a specialty; that of England largely of plain goods; while the United States tries everything with much success, though dependent chiefly upon Europe for the lead in styles.

It is a curious fact that for 500 years ribbons were worn mostly by men rather than by women, especially during the long period of effeminacy in the male attire. In the fifteenth to the seventeenth centuries their use in England was restricted to the royalty and gentry by statute. In the time of Charles II and James II the whole attire was covered with ribbons. A fop in those days was described as "wearing more than would stock half a dozen shops or twenty country peddlers." It is another curious fact that in the manufacture of ribbons the self acting loom was in use 100 years before Cartwright's invention, and that in more recent times little new has been added in that branch of the silk industry.—Journal Fabrics.

Chart of Derelict Vessels

Another most important characteristic of the chart is the attention which is given to the positions of wrecked vessels. After a vessel has been abandoned you know it seldom goes directly to the bottom. Almost submerged such "derelicts," as they have been called, will remain afloat for months. After the masts have disappeared there is seldom anything to indicate to approaching vessels that such a dangerous obstruction is in their paths. A collision with one of these waterlogged wrecks would simply mean instant destruction. So the hydrographic office requests each vessel to notify it of the location of these "derelicts." Their positions are then given in the monthly chart, and captains can be on the lookout and avoid them. May chart is dotted with such obstructions.

I have traced on these maps the course of a derelict for months. One in particular I remember. The schooner Twenty-one Friends was wrecked just off the Delaware capes last spring, two years ago. She drifted out into the gulf stream, was carried clear across to Ireland, and then being blown by the wind out of the influence of that ocean current, was carried toward the coast of Spain, where it was lost. I doubt not but that it formed fire wood for some of the Spaniards along the coast. Being lumber laden they must have secured a prize indeed. There are other interesting things which might be told about the hydrographic chart, but there isn't enough space here.—Observer in Philadelphia Call.

Cured of Hero Worship.

When Herbert Spencer was in this country a certain workingman admirer, who had acquired an intense hero worship of him, followed him many miles in order to enjoy the supreme honor of a recognition and grasp of the hand. He finally succeeded in surprising him among the Vermont hills and entered the parlor of his hotel while the nurse was absent. "Have I the honor at last of greeting Herbert Spencer?" said he. "That is my name," was the severe English reply. "I consider you the chief of human benefactors," continued the man, "and all the more do I congratulate you, now that our American publishers are able to produce such cheap editions of your grand books that they are reaching the humble homes of the poor, where they were formerly strangers." "But what becomes of the poor writer?" shouted Mr. Spencer as he arose in rage and turned upon his visitor. At this point the nurse rushed in and ejected the poor workingman, who, as he descended the back stairs, was followed by savage echoes of "Pirates! Pirates!" His hero had fallen with a crash, and he wondered in his disappointment and chagrin if there was anything left in this world that commercial considerations would not touch.—Boston Globe.

Soap in the Holy Land.

The introduction of soap is doing much to civilize the people of the Holy Land. A large soap factory has been established on the site of the ancient Sechem, and the people are beginning to use it on their persons instead of trying to eat it as they did at first. Along with the introduction of soap other reforms are going on. Bethelehem has been rebuilt, and the streets are lighted with gas. Cesarea is having a building boom. Nazareth is becoming the headquarters of big olive oil speculators. Corner lots in Joppa are going up with a rush, and real estate in Mount Carmel is largely held by speculators for an advance. The ladies of Jerusalem take all the Parisian fashion journals, and know all about the latest styles of hair dressing.—Exchange.

A Priest with a Mustache.

At the opening of the church at Cannes, built in memory of the late duke of Albany, the priest who read the lessons wore a mustache. The prince of Wales, to whom he was introduced, observing the hirsute appendage to the clerical upper lip, suggested that the ornament should be removed. The suggestion was carried out. The royal rebuke of a modern custom which some persons have adopted of wearing a mustache or shaving either cheek or chin or both is commendable. A priest should either shave clean or not shave at all. He should certainly not trim his face like a dragoon, attractive though it may be to the female portion of his congregation.—London Truth.

At the doors of the national Capitol of Mexico soldiers with fixed bayonets stand, and soldiers are distributed through the corridors.

THE WRITER OF BOOKS.

SOME OF THE TRIALS TO WHICH AN AUTHOR IS EXPOSED.

Struggle to Find a Publisher—Peculiarities of the Contract Between Author and Publisher—Royalty on the Work. Presentation Copies.

There is one vexation that the writer of books undergoes that has not been elucidated, namely, the requests he receives from friends for a copy of his work; and not only from friends, but from charitable institutions seeking to enlarge their libraries, or from institutions desirous of founding libraries. It is a common belief that an author is entitled to as many copies of his work as he sees fit to ask the publisher for. While flattering to the author's vanity to be thus in demand, the requests received even by authors of little renown, if honored, will often deprive him of all his profits from the copyright, for, beyond a stipulated number of copies given to him by the publisher, he has to pay the trade price for all other copies of his work. Generally inexperienced or unthinking authors "give away" with these presentation books all their profits, unless, indeed, a work reaches several editions.

At a round table gathering of authors, all of more or less prominence and popularity, in the Authors' club the other night, the general complaint was the nuisance of appeals for presentation copies from strangers and institutions not of the slightest interest to them. Each admitted that it was an infliction to their vanity to refuse or ignore many of these requests, while regretting the fact that compliance would entail pecuniary loss. The dramatic author, if he has the privilege from the management, may give passes to the theatre which is playing his production without entailing direct loss to either the manager or himself if there is not a large, popular demand of the seats, but the publisher of a book regards each volume as worth so much for old paper, and is not disposed to part with one without the quid pro quo, as even selling for junk adds just so much to the profits, and there is always a sale for old paper.

Each publishing house has a form of contract peculiar to itself in its style and phraseology, but the conditions are generally the same in this country. In England it is not uncommon for authors and publishers to bring out the works of the former on shares, equally dividing the profits and expenses, but in this country it is the rule that the publishers issue the work at their own risk and expense, paying the author a royalty on conditions named. The chief difference in the contracts of the publishers in this country is that the authors shall assign them the right to take out the copyright, or that the author himself shall hold it. In either case there is a stipulation to the effect that if at the expiration of a certain period, generally two years or five years, the publishers do not find the publication of the work profitable, they can discontinue, destroy the plates and sell the books on hand at auction or for old paper, giving the author the option of buying both at cost price or for a deduction of from 10 to 20 per cent., the copyright being assigned to him or restored to him.

In both countries a stipulated number of copies are given to the author; any more he can obtain under contract at the trade or retail price. This number varies from six to twelve copies, on which it is stipulated no royalty is to be paid, as also on the number distributed by the publisher in his discretion to the critics for review. In some cases the publisher reserves the right to exempt from royalty copies sent as samples to schools and institutions which might need the work. Statements are made to the author semi annually and the amount due him paid four months thereafter, and then if he has been liberal in complying with the requests from friends and institutions, he finds to his dismay that the credit balances the debit account and there is nothing coming to him, or mayhap that he is in debt to the publisher beyond the six or twelve copies allowed him.

Adding the deduction in his royalty on the work, if sold, and its cost to him to the mail expenses, the liberal or considerate author can consume the percentage coming to him from the publisher by complying with these requests. The account he receives is very explicit, and is divided into statements of books on hand at the last statement, books printed since the last statement, volumes given away or sold not subject to royalty and the balance on hand. Then follows a statement of the account with the author of books sold subject to royalty, sold subject to reduced royalty and sold to author. Every copy of the edition is accounted for, like the seats in a theatre when a return is made to the star. Editions, it may be stated, vary. Formerly an edition was reckoned at 1,000 copies. Many publishers issue 2,500 as an edition, although the edition really consists of the number of copies consecutively printed, and may run as high as 10,000. The author's royalty averages 10 per cent. on the retail price.

Other clauses in the contract which may interest the reader provide that the cost of alterations in the type or plates after the delivery of the manuscript above $50 are charged to the author if made by him; that no insurance on the work shall be effected on joint account; that if the plates or forms shall be rendered valueless by fire or otherwise the publisher has the option to reproduce them or surrender the copyright; that no royalty is to be paid on volumes destroyed by fire or water; that the author must share with the publisher the expenses of any suit he may bring for infringement of copyright and as well receive an equal share of the profits arising therefrom; that the author or the heirs agree to renewals of the copyright under the same terms. In charging to the author alterations in the type or plates above $50 expenditure the publisher often saves himself from considerable expense, as many authors are inclined to completely rewrite their proof.

The main point in the publisher's agreement with the author in this country is that he shall publish the work at his own risk and expense, and compel him to share his loss if there is any. It is needless to add that the publisher never "gives away" any copies that will cost him anything in his accounting with the author. Usually works of travel or biography have a steady, if limited, permanent demand, while novels flourish for a season, and those unsold find their way to the junk shop. The plates are never destroyed as long as there is a prospect of a demand for the work. When the demand ceases the plates are melted for recasting, and frequently a demand springing up from some ephemeral cause the work is reset.—New York Times.

Music of the Wires.

Amusement was afforded a party of young people, visitors at the house of a wealthy gentleman on the heights of Brooklyn not long ago, when the weather was warm, permitting open windows, by the simple construction of three or four Æolian harps. There was the least stir of air, and the music produced was soft and sweet and very varied in its tones. The strings were of catgut and silver wire, drawn to full tension, and were attached to drums of Japanese tom toms, which in turn were screwed against the window frames.—New York Times.

Cotton seed oil is among the astonishing variety of things in the cheese we eat which have no business there.

BRITISH COLUMBIA
LAND AND INVESTMENT AGENCY
(LIMITED.)

THOMAS ALLSOP, HENRY. S. MASON, CUYLER A. HOLLAND, } DIRECTORS

HEAD OFFICE: 56 New Broad St. LONDON, ENGLAND.

The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above Company, and will be carried on by the Company from this date as a General Land Investment and Insurance Agency.

MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE AT LOW RATES. Town Lots and Farming Lands for sale on easy terms.

my17 D&W

THE GENUINE
BELL ORGAN.

MANUFACTURED BY W. BELL & CO., GUELPH, ONT.,

Is the pioneer in Canada, is today the only recognized *High Class Instrument* manufactured in the country.

The Superiority OF THE Bell Organ has been demonstrated at all the World's Fairs, and the demand is constantly increasing.

Intending purchasers will do well to call on the AGENTS FOR VICTORIA:

C. A. LOMBARD & Co., Government Street.

sept11

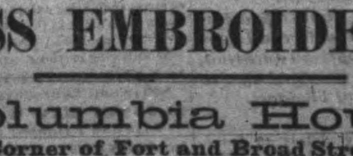
CHEAP EMBROIDERIES.

Just received, a large quantity of Manufacturers' Remnants of

SWISS EMBROIDERIES.

Columbia House,
Corner of Fort and Broad Streets.

YOUNG BROS., New England BAKERY.



ICE CREAM. WEDDING CAKES Made to order on short notice. Goods delivered to all parts of the City.

Fancy Cakes, Bread, Pies and Crackers.

may17

Kings Head Beer Hall,
JOHNSON STREET

THE old favorably well known House has been splendidly renovated and ranks now amongst the finest fitted up Houses in the town. Wm. White late of the Fountain Saloon, will be happy to see all his old friends and acquaintances, and the aim of the establishment shall be, as in the past, to make the above resort in every respect as comfortable for their guests as possible.

DOERING AND WHITE.
BEER A SPECIALTY. FIVE CENTS A GLASS. jan15

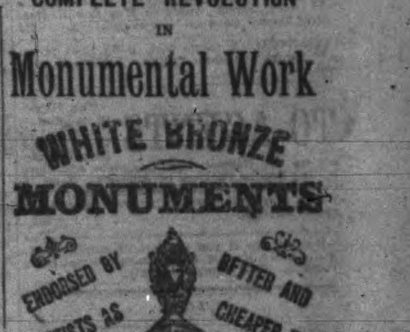
A. A. AARONSON
ESTAB'D 1877
LICENSED PAWNBROKER

Money advanced to any amount on Diamonds, Watches, Trinkets, Trunks and Contents, or on any Approved Security.

Ladies and Gentlemen's Cast-off Clothing purchased. Parties waited on at their residences. INDIAN CURIOS in rare and endless variety. Note the address—Johnson Street, between Broad and Government. s24

COMPLETE REVOLUTION IN Monumental Work

WHITE BRONZE MONUMENTS



ENDORSED BY SCIENTISTS AS PRACTICALLY Indestructible. BETTER AND CHEAPER THAN MARBLE OR GRANITE. Over 500 Beautiful Designs. Send for Price List & Circulars.

Drawings and testimonials may be seen at the Office of the Agents for Victoria,

H. G & R. WALKER,
nov20 D&W 6m Spencer's Arcade

John Meston

CARRIAGE MAKER,
BLACKSMITH, Etc.

Government street, between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

VICTORIA, B. C tf

The Union Saloon.
JOHNSON STREET,
Decker & Smith, Proprietors.

The above firm having purchased the good will and business of the UNION SALOON, intend to thoroughly renovate the premises. The bar will always be found furnished with a best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars, and a nice lunch or cold collation will be set daily.

NOTE THE WIELAND BEER. jn14

FRESH
Baltimore Oysters,
BY EXPRESS, EVERY THREE DAYS, AT
R. Beauchamp's,
YATES STREET.
Finnan Haddies Have Arrived.
jan10

OREGON MILLING CO.'S
Royal Flour.
THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

Carried off two premiums at the late Mechanics' Fair, Portland. At New Orleans was sold at close of Exhibition at a higher price than any other flour, and pronounced by leading bakers to be the best they ever used.

☞ Sold by all leading Grocers.

JOHN WILSON,
Moody's Block, Yates street, Victoria,
Agent for British Columbia.

Red Crown Roller Mills

Manufacturers of Albany Patent, Snow Flake Family, Windsor, Bakers' and Moody Head Superfine Flour.

For sale at wholesale and retail by all respectable grocers.

TRY IT. Mills at Albany, Oregon.
aug 14 tf SHOM. LANNING & CO. Proprietors.

MUTABILITY.

In eastern annals we are told
This story of a king of old,
Whose hope was high, whose heart elate,
When fortune favored crown and state,
Whose spirit bowed in dark despair,
When adverse murmurs rent the air.

From those who to his smile aspired,
He as a birthday gift desired
A sentence brief to grace his ring
That solace and advice would bring.
Wise words were sought by sage and seer,
But naught could comfort him or cheer.

His daughter knelt before the throne,
And gave to him an emerald stone
On which was traced in letters bright,
"This, too, will pass." The maid was right;
Her choice of words so pleased the king,
He had them graven on his ring.

"This, too, will pass," he humbly said,
When fields were won and kingdoms spread,
"This, too, will pass," he meekly cried,
When treason's plots his patience tried,
And trusting in this sentence true,
Was free from joy or care undue.

—Toronto Mail.

WHEN WE WERE CHILDREN.

An Afternoon With Our Queer Cousins. The Family Teeth.

"I shall never forget the visits we used to make when we were children. Once in just so long we were particularly scrubbed and starched and sent down to spend an afternoon with the Rimers. It was dreary work enough, and for months I used to dread the visit. Mother always gave us straw to braid, and my sister and I and the two Rimer children, first of all, sat in straight chairs, with our feet dangling, and braided our 'stent.' Then there was one book, 'Jack the Giant Killer,' that we looked at, listlessly enough, for we knew every word and every picture by heart. After Jack we were permitted to examine two small toy bureaus with glass doors. Then we might walk slowly five times about the tiny flower garden paths and see the balm and candytuft. We must not move beyond a slow pace or something might happen to our clean 'tires.' These tires we all wore; they were of gingham, and completely covered our dresses, and were so stiff with starch that they stood out like pasteboard around us and crackled when removed.

"By the time we had walked about the garden in this way it would be about half after 4, and supper was at 5 invariably. We went into the house and were now entertained in a curious way. As a great treat we were shown the teeth which had been extracted from the jaws of the Rimer family from youth up; even the grinders which Mr. Rimer's first wife had lost when in the flesh were among the collection. All had been carefully preserved. There were teeth with immense roots, some of them curved; these last, we were told, 'come awful hard,' and had to be taken with 'rollers.' To this day I have the strangest idea as to what rollers may be.

There were milk teeth without any roots; some of these Julia and Clara Rimer selected with triumph, for they had been taken from their own mouths, and they endeavored to illustrate the operations. I saw that these teeth were a source of deep and constant interest to the Rimer children as well as to their mother, and I used to wonder why we had no such assortment to display to our visitors. I once suggested to my mother that she begin the forming of this kind of a museum, and when she said she did not think it was worth while, I responded that she mustn't make us have the Rimer children visit us then, for teeth were what amused them most and we had none to show them. I heard so many times all the particulars of the pulling of the biggest teeth, that I could even now tell each story without missing a word, and I could attach each story to its proper tooth.

"After this appetizing occupation supper came, and after supper we went home, starting out hand in hand, and going with unconscious staidness until we were up the hill and out of sight of the house, when we began to frisk, and in the next few minutes I am afraid we mussed our tires more than in the whole afternoon previous."—New York Tribune.

Austrian Military Music.

The Austrian martial music is the most inspiring in the world. I say this with the full remembrance of having seen and heard, in the year '64, a Massachusetts regiment, 2,000 strong, marching to the strains of "John Brown's Body Lies Moldering in the Ground," and singing, too, Mrs. Julia Ward Howe's superb paraphrase of that peculiar lyric; and at the time I thought I had never listened to anything finer.

But, on reflection, the palm, I should say, must be awarded to the Tedeschi. Their bands seem to discourse the tunefulness of Mozart allied with the sprightliness of Strauss, and one of the few and infinitesimally small things that make the friend of Italy regret the liberation of Venice from the Austrian yoke is the disappearance of the Austrian military bands from the Piazza San Marco. What delicious marches and "retreats" the Croats and the Hungarians used to play! what prodigious "swells" were the Kaiser's officers in their white tunics, their crimson pantaloons and their white kid gloves! and what famous times one used to have at the Cafe Florian listening to the interlopers' music over a granito ice that cost twopence halfpenny and a "Virginia" cigar dear at three farthings! One had not time to bestow a thought on the patriotic gondolier grinding his teeth on the Molo and quite forgetting to chant strophes from Tasso (if he ever quoted them), muttering wrathfully "Va fuori, d'Italia, Straniero!" The stranger is gone and joy go with him, but modern Italian military music lacks color and brilliance. —Illustrated London News.

Mr. George W. Childs' Employes.

By his employes Mr. George W. Childs is fairly idolized; yet he demands of every man the full measure of his duty, but he pays the best of wages. His rule is that every man should receive more than enough for a living—receive a compensation enabling him to lay something by for a rainy day. He encourages thrift and providence among all in his employ. He surrounds them with every comfort, introduces for their benefit every appliance conducive to health, and annually, at Christmas time, every person in his employ is substantially remembered.—Washington Craftsman.

An Experimental Suicide.

A Paris cabman who committed suicide the other day left the following explanatory note: "I leave this world because it pleases me to do so. I have had enough of driving other people about in this world. I am going to see if in the other world people drive differently. All I ask is that no fuss may be made about me."—Chicago Herald.

We have just been reading about the distribution of the profits on a $1.50 book. On the first 1,000 the stereotyper loses six cents per copy, the publisher loses eighteen cents, the author loses ten cents, the printer loses his time and the reader loses his patience. You see there isn't really very much made on the first 1,000; the profits develop more fully on the succeeding thousands. Suppose, for instance, you decide to publish an edition of 5,000; you lose $100 on the first 1,000. Then you change your mind and don't publish the other 4,000. You make $400 on them, a clear profit of $300 net. You can't see it? Well, don't you ever publish a book, then, that's all; you haven't the real author's instinct; you have no genius.—Burdette in Brooklyn Eagle.

RARE AND BEAUTIFUL.

CHAT WITH A RECENTLY RETURNED ORCHID COLLECTOR.

Gathering the Weird and Eccentric Developments of the Floral Kingdom. Life Among Savages—Beginning of a Craze for Orchids.

It was my good fortune to meet in Mr. Bergman's greenhouses a world renowned discoverer and dealer in these weird and eccentric developments of the floral kingdom, Mr. Fredrico Man, who has just returned from his annual trip to South America in quest of orchids, bringing with him a ship load of the coveted buds, tropical ferns and the flowering onion for the New York and Brooklyn markets, as well as for those of London, Paris and Berlin. Fifty thousand orchids of this importation are in Mr. Bergman's care. Some half dozen men were busily opening the crates in which the plants were boxed, while others had already found place in the greenhouses among those already cultivated by the florist. Some tropical birds brought by the merchant in orchids seemed to have found a fitting home in such surroundings. As Mr. Man talked of his methods of trade I cannot do better in this direction than to repeat some portions of it in answer to the queries propounded by his curious visitors on this occasion, and as nearly as possible in his own language.

"You see," said he, "I have been visiting South America for some ten or twelve years on purpose to obtain orchids from the forests of Brazil, the United States of Colombia and elsewhere. I have my own servants, guides, etc., who are ready to meet me on arrival. We travel 1,000 miles into the interior, perhaps, before beginning operations. Of course I take an interpreter with me, as in all my journeys I have not learned the low mixture of languages spoken by the natives."

FOES TO BE FEARED.

"Are you not timid amid such a rude people?"

"Oh, no; my guides and myself are well armed. The foes we have most to fear are the reptiles and wild animals."

"And how do you defend yourself against them?"

"We travel by boat and on muleback when we can, and sometimes through almost impenetrable forests, but at night we have one rule for shelter and protection. Three fires are made and our hut placed in the triangular space between them. There are many tigers in the Brazilian forests, and as for snakes—well, I could spend hours telling you of them. I brought home the skin of one thirty feet long. Here on my thumb is the scar of a reptile"——

"Don't tell us more of the snakes," said Mr. Man's audience.

"No, no, it is of the orchids you want to know. Well, orchids are parasites. They grow on rocks and trees and are fed by the moisture in the atmosphere, although there are orchids that grow in the earth. They are found in all countries, and the rarest and most beautiful are the parasites. The natives of South America are very fond of them, cultivate them around their dwellings and call them fleur de santus, the flower of health. Sometimes a gorgeous flower is seen on the top of a forest tree, which is only obtainable by cutting down the tree; sometimes they are found near the summits of mountains 10,000 or 12,000 feet high, as some species grow where it is cold and near the snows, and others where the heat is constant and almost overpowering."

"How do you transport these gatherings of orchids?"

"At times the natives carry them, but usually on muleback to some sea port, and no freight is more costly, as the wooden crates in which they are packed must be so arranged as to give the plants air."

BEGINNING OF A CRAZE.

"Are many orchids sold in this country?" asked the writer.

"Oh, yes, there is the beginning of a craze for them in the United States, but as yet not at all in comparison to that which exists in England, France and Germany. It is becoming the fashionable flower here as well as there for decorations, for dinner parties, for brides' bouquets, etc."

"Are these flowers very expensive?"

"Decidedly. A small bouquet of them may represent $25. In England the wealthy people will give almost any price for a new orchid."

"How long have they been known there?"

"About 130 years, perhaps a little more; a missionary to India sent some specimens home and sea captains brought them from South America, the South Sea Islands, Mexico, Porto Rico and elsewhere. The English people liked them and gradually they have grown into great favor till the mania for them resembles the craze that once existed in Europe for the black tulip. Agents are sent everywhere that orchids are indigenous for new varieties. I have myself discovered seventeen new varieties. Baron Shroder, who resides near London, has the finest collection in the world; the Duke of Marlborough has many rare varieties and so has Baron Rothschild. It was in Boston that orchids first found favor in this country. Mr. Jay Gould has a splendid collection in his greenhouses near Tarrytown on the Hudson; Mr. Corning, of Albany, has the most extensive collection this side of the ocean, and Mr. Cornelius Vanderbilt is beginning to purchase them for his place in Newport."—Brooklyn Eagle.

New York's "Special Sessions" Audience.

The pleasure of being a witness took me to the court of special sessions not long ago. It was a merry morning. The jail yard, where a murderer had just been hanged, was full of sunlight and playful breezes. The jail pigeons strutted and cooed in the sun. The temple of justice was cool and gray, as a temple should be, but the audience was clammy and uncomfortable, and even the judges had a flush upon their faces. It seemed almost as if some phantom from the gallows outside was in the place, and the peculiar atmosphere that the court possesses had a cemetery savor to the nostrils—or at least to mine.

Somebody ought to paint a picture of a special sessions audience. The benches present a curious variety of characters that would furnish an artist with ample material. I do not suppose any one would want to buy the picture when it was done, but few would pass it by without a halt. The brutal, cunning or debased faces of the average lookers on attend the proceedings at the bar with the same eager, craving intentness as one may imagine of the audience at a combat in the arena of old Rome. It is an act of their own lives to them, no doubt, and none knows who among them will next be called upon the stage.

From time to time, on the morning I write of, when the door of the court room would open, you could hear the whining of a dog. When I went out a stalwart young tough was standing in the deep portico, with a little white bull terrier in a chain. As I pushed the door open I heard some one behind me say "guilty." I looked back. There was a man being led from the bar by a policeman. The audience was devouring him with hungry interest. "Guilty" repeated the murmur. The dog strained at its chain and howled till the black roof rang. Then the jail gate clanged between brute, beast and brute master, and I went forth into the fresh air that made me feel like a new man.—Alfred Trumble in New York News.

IRON WORKS.

ALBION IRON WORKS CO. (Lim'td.)
HOME INDUSTRY.
Engines and Boilers of every description. Cooking and Heating Stoves, etc.
ANDREW GRAY, Manager.
W. F BULLEN, Secretary.

PLUMBING AND GAS FITTING.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS, GAS FITTERS,
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in Best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Fort street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 128.

TRANSPORTATION.

W. BUCKETT,
TRUCK AND DRAYMAN,
Begs to inform patrons and public generally that he is still to be found on the old stand, Yates Street, and hopes, by strict attention to business, to receive a share of their patronage. My name will appear on all trucks and drays. All orders left at Baker and Sons, Yates Street, or the Fashion Stables, Fort Street, will receive prompt attention. Aug 2-1mo

LEGAL.

EBERTS & TAYLOR,
BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS,
Langley street, Victoria, B. C. { D. M. EBERTS, W. J. TAYLOR

INSURANCE.

THE NORWICH UNION
FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
Established 1797. Amount insured, $300,000,000.
H. D. HELMCKEN, Agent,
Bastion street, Victoria, B. C. jan3 1y

MARKETS.

QUEEN'S MARKET.
L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

Notices.

Notice.

MR. GUSTAV LEISER HAS BEEN Admitted as a partner in the business of a Dry Goods Merchant, now carried on by Moses Lenz upon Government Street and the concern will henceforth be known as "LENZ & LEISER."
Victoria, Dec. 4, 1886.
MOSES LENZ.
GUSTAV LEISER.
Witness, THEODORE DAVIE.

NOTICE.

THIRTY DAYS AFTER DATE I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a Prospecting License for De Courcy Group and Tree Islands, being 480 acres more or less.
THOMAS LLOYD DAVIES.
Victoria, B. C., June 6, 1887. je6 1m

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have made application to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a License to cut and carry away timber from a tract of land containing 960 acres, more or less, situated on Valdez Island, in a bay about 3 miles north of Seymour Narrows, commencing at a stake at the head of the bay, running south half a mile; thence west 3 miles; thence north half a mile; thence east 3 miles to point of commencement.
WILLIAM BARRETTE.
Victoria, June 6, 1887. je6 1m

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT APPLICATION has been made to the Hon. Mr. Justice Crease, by Mr. J. Roland Hett, for an order for registration of the title of Susan Sims Ford to the east half of Victoria City Lot No. 843, and that in pursuance of the order made upon the said application I intend to register the title of the said Susan Sims Ford to the said half lot at the expiration of one calendar month from date.
Dated 17th June, 1887.
CHAS. J. LEGGATT,
je17 1m Registrar General of Titles.

Notice To Creditors.

The creditors of A. W. & C. L. Huson are requested to send in their claims, duly certified, to the office of J. H. TODD & SON on or before the 15th day of July next, on which day the undersigned will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall have notice; and the said assignees will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claim or claims they shall not have notice at the time of said distribution.
J. C. DEVLIN, C. F. TODD. } Assignees.
may14-2mo

Estate of William Lohse, Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE will of the deceased, dated 31st. December, 1886, has been admitted to probate by the Hon. H. P. P. Crease, a judge of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, and that all persons indebted to or having claims against the Estate are to make payment or application for payment, as the case may be, at the office of Mr. Theodore Davie, corner Bastion and Langley Streets, where a copy of the will can be inspected.
Dated May 21st, 1887.
THOMAS GEIGER.
CHAS. J. PHILLIPS. } Executors.
my 23 THEODORE DAVIE.

B. C. Milling and Mining Co., (LIMITED.)

ASSESSMENT No. 14.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an assessment of two cents per share has been levied upon the members of the above company, payable at the company's Office, Langley Street, Victoria, on or before the 16th day of July, 1887, from and after which date all shares on which the said assessment shall then remain unpaid shall be deemed delinquent, subject to interest and costs, and will be dealt with according to law.
By order of the Directors.
GEO. A. SARGISON. Secretary.
Dated 16th June, 1887. je 25-D&Wtd

"DOMESTIC."

Its success is unprecedented and without a parallel. New machines come and go, but the 'Domestic' moves steadily forward, constantly attaining greater distiction and increased popularity because it is the best.

Buy no Lamp before you examine

THE WANZER LAMP.

No Chimney. No Smoke. No Odor. Fifty Candle Power. Burns half-pint of Coal Oil in six hours.

THOS. W. FLETCHER,
Agent for B. C. my12

HOTELS—VICTORIA.

THE AMERICAN HOTEL,
YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.
Established 1862. Rates $1.00 to $1.50 per day.
july13 T. J. BURNES.

THE CLARENCE,
FRANK G. RICHARDS, Jr., Lessee,
Cor. Yates and Douglas streets, Victoria, B. C. Tourists' headquarters. New and elegant in all its appointments. Fully supplied with all conveniences of modern hotels. First-class in every respect. Prices moderate. sep3

THE GORDON HOTEL,
ROBERT McDERMOTT, Propr.
Johnson St., bet. Store and Wharf, where "Old Bob" will be found at his usual business of selling "Bad Whiskey," but good Cigars. He cordially invites old and new friends to give him a call.

HOTELS—VANCOUVER.

LELAND HOUSE,
VANCOUVER.
New and complete in all appointments.
feb21 1m MRS. HIRSHBURG, Proprietress.

THE BURRARD HOTEL,
MARTIN & BALFOUR, Prop's,
Corner Carrall and Cordova streets, Vancouver, B.C. The only first-class hotel in Vancouver.

DOUGALL HOUSE,
JOHN DOUGALL, Propr.,
Cor. Cordova and Abbott sts., Vancouver, B. C. Finest Hotel in the city. It is a new building, containing every appliance for the protection, comfort and luxury, including fire escapes, of guests. European and American plan. Fire in all rooms. Sample room for travellers. The dining room is in charge of Mr. SCHLENK, who is unrivalled as a Caterer. dec21

THE GOLD HOUSE.
STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS.
The largest and best furnished hotel in the city. Sample and Bath Rooms and a large fire-proof safe for the comfort and convenience of guests.
The Cuisine is under the immediate supervision of Mrs. Gold which is a guarantee that guests will receive every delicacy the market affords. Polite and attentive servants.
mar18 EMMA GOLD, Proprietoress.

HOTELS—KAMLOOPS.

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL,
KAMLOOPS, B. C.
Is situate at the junction of North and South Thompson Rivers, and is one of the most delightful locations in the Province. First-class accommodation for tourists. Stage meets all East and West trains.
sep14 1y J. T. EDWARDS, Proprietor.

HOTELS—WINNIPEG.

NEW DOUGLAS HOUSE,
WINNIPEG, MAN.
Most conveniently situated for strangers visiting Winnipeg. Pleasant and cheerful rooms, giving a fine view of the chief thoroughfare of the city. Prices moderate for first-class accommodation. Free 'Bus. BENNETT & CO., Proprietors. sept22 lm

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E. C. GOULDING,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c.
Of Manitoba. Late with Fred. McKenzie, Q. C., of Winnipeg. Hastings street, opposite Post Office. ap5

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CORDOVA STREET, - - VANCOUVER.
Terms 5 per cent on works exceeding $4,000; smaller works by arrangement. april6-1mo

REAL ESTATE.

R. LIPSETT.
REAL ESTATE BROKER, FINANCIAL AGENT AND NOTARY PUBLIC.
Particular attention given to buying and selling Mining Stocks.
OFFICE—TROUNCE ALLEY, VICTORIA. my10

JOHN J. AUSTIN,
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated, Town and Country Property for sale. Office Bastion street, next to Bank of British Columbia, Victoria. P. O. Box 50.

LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.,
REAL ESTATE AGENTS.
Purchase, sell and lease property, collect rents, make loans on mortgage and transact all business relating to real estate. Maps showing the various districts on the Island and Mainland, the situation of desirable City Lots, Homesteads, Gardening and Farm Lands can be consulted at their office. feb12

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F. W. HALL, M.D., C.M.,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR.
OFFICE—Johnson street, between Douglas and Broad.
Special attention given to Diseases of Eye, Ear, Throat, and Diseases of Women.
Office open all night. Consultation free. dp13

DRS. HALL & HALL,
PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS AND ACCOUCHEURS.
Special attention given to diseases of the Throat, Chest and Skin. J. L. HALL, M.D., C.M. | Special attention given to diseases of the Eye and Ear. T. S. HALL, M. D., C. M.
OFFICE—Theater Block, Douglas street. Consultation free.

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E. H. FISHER,
ARCHITECT,
Spencer's Arcade, Government street, Victoria, B. C. P. O. Box —

JOHN TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Government street, Victoria, British Columbia.

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HARRIS & HARGREAVES,
CIVIL ENGINEERS, LAND SURVEYORS AND ARCHITECTS.
Plans, specifications and estimates furnished for buildings. S. E. cor. of Government & Fort Sts., up-stairs, Victoria, B. C.

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H. C. BEETON & Co. 36 FINSBURY CIRCUS LONDON E. C. Wharf street, Victoria.

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IMPORTERS
And Wholesale Grocers, Shipping and Commission Merchants, Portland, Oregon. tune8 D&W

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J. FINLAYSON,
GROCER,
Corner of Government and Broughton streets, Victoria, B. C. Dealer in fine family groceries of all kinds. Table delicacies in great variety. Also choice teas and coffee.

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FOR SALE.
A PAYING BUSINESS
In New Westminster, B. C., for sale. Six Bedrooms, well furnished, Dining Room and Furniture, Kitchen, with Range, Cooking Utensils and Table Ware. Price $1200. Reasons for selling, old age and being unable to attend to the business. Address W., HERALD office, Vancouver. July19

W. E. CHAMBERLAIN & T. A. ROBINSON'S
PACIFIC Business College, 320 POST ST. SAN FRANCISCO
LIFE SCHOLARSHIPS $75
No Vacations
DAY AND EVENING SESSIONS.
Ladies admitted into all departments.
Send for circulars

Hats, Hats, Hats.

From the Finest Fur to the Cheapest Wool,
MEN'S, BOYS' AND YOUTHS.
All Styles in American, English and Canadian Stiff & Soft Hats.

B. WILLIAMS & CO.,
Johnson St., between Broad & Douglas.
mar14

TURNER, BEETON & COMP'Y.

Landing ex "Huasquina," from London,
A COMPLETE STOCK OF
English and Scotch Ale,
DUBLIN STOUT,
Old Tom and Holland's Gin, Plymouth Gin,
Champagne Vineyard Brandy,
Jamaica Rum,
Irish and Scotch Whisky,
Deutz & Geldeman Champagne,
Sherry, Port, Claret, Sauterne,
Ginger Ale, Maraschino,
Lime Juice Cordial, Curacoa,
Ginger Brandy, Cherry Brandy.

Tin Plates and Cannery Supplies.
COARSE AND FINE SALT,
Doulton Vitrified Drain Pipes, Sinks, Etc.
jel1

Land Applications.

LAND NOTICE.—The undersigned give notice that they have applied to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 1280 acres more or less on Thetis Island, Cowichan District, namely, starting from a post to the north-west of H. Severne's land on the shore, round the coast line eastwards to E. Cartwright's north-east corner post, thence due west to point of commencement.
H. SEVERNE.
A. R. JOHNSTON.
June 20th. 1887 jy2-1aw2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land situated and described as follows:
Commencing at N. E. corner of Section 56 Sooke District, thence due north 60 chains, thence due west 80 chains, thence due south 100 chains to N. E. corner of Section 52, thence in a northeasterly direction to point of commencement.
R. E. JACKSON.
Victoria, B. C. 6th Dec. 1886. dec 6 1aw-tf

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INtend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, for permission to purchase 160 acres of land, situated on East side of upper Columbia Lake, on a small Creek about 2½ miles South of Armstrong Creek: the South East corner of said land to commence at an initial stake on said Creek and run thence North ½ mile, thence West ½ mile to shore of lake thence South ½ mile along lake shore and thence East ½ mile to initial stake.
WM. HARDIE.
Columbia Lakes, Kootenay B. C. April 30th 1887.
my 27-1aw-2mo

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land, situated and described as follows:
Commencing at N. E. corner of R. E. Jackson's claim, thence due north 40 chains, thence due west 160 chains, more or less, to Sooke River, thence southerly along Sooke river 40 chains thence due east 160 chains to point of commencement.
M. W. TYRWHITT DRAKE.
Victoria, B. C., 6th Dec. 1886. dec 6 law-tf

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to make application to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for leave to purchase 640 acres of land, situated and described as follows:
Commencing at northwest corner of R. E. Jackson's claim, thence due west 80 chains, more or less, to Sooke river, thence southerly following Sooke river to the north boundary of Section 49, Sooke District; thence N. E. along said boundary line to the northeast corner of said Section 49; thence southerly along the eastern boundaries of Sections 49, 48, 47, 46, Sooke District, thence easterly along the north boundaries of Sections 50, 51, and 52 to western boundary of R. E. Jackson's claim, thence due north to point of commencement.
MATTHEW T. JOHNSTON.
Victoria, B. C., 6th Dec. 1886. dec 6 law

TOWN OF FARWELL.

Lots for Sale.

ALLSOP & MASON.

VICTORIA
LOAN OFFICE.

Money advanced on Watches, Diamonds and Jewelry of all kinds, Guns, Pistols, Trunks and contents, &c. &c.

UNREDEEMED PLEDGES for sale Business strictly confidential.
44 JOHNSON STREET
Opposite Railroad Hotel. P.O. Box 680.

Gareshe, Green & Co.
BANKERS
GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA, B.C.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN GOLD, SILVER and U. S. currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits.
Gold Dust and U. S. Currency
Purchased at highest market rates.
Sight Drafts and Telegraph Transfers
San Francisco, New York and Canada.
EXCHANGE ON LONDON,
Available in all parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued on the principal Cities of the United States, Canada and Europe.
Agents for Wells, Fargo & Co

The Starr Kidney Pad,

A PERMANENT,
Sure Cure for Diseases
Disorders and Ailments of the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Secretive System, or Attendant Complaints—causing Pain in Small of Back, Sides, etc., producing Urinary Disorders, such as too frequent Scanty, Difficult, Painful or Copious Micturation, Inability of Retention and Sedimentary Urine, Dropsical Symptoms, etc., denoting the presence in the system of Diseases common to the Urinary Secretive Organs, known as Gravel, Catarrh of the Bladder and passages, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Dropsy, Piles, Nervous Debility, etc., etc.
Pamphlets and Testimonials can be obtained from Druggists free.
PRICES.—Child's Pad, $1.50 (cures bed-wetting) Regular Pad, $2.00. Special Pad for Chronic Diseases $3.00.
"GOOD BACKING.—As the Starr Kidney Pad Co of Toronto are again introducing in this province their famous cure, it is only fair to call attention to the long period of success which has greeted their great antidote for so many distressing diseases. The inveterate complaints of diabetes and Bright's disease or the kidneys are affirmed by reliable people to yield to the persevering application of this company's pads, which have no equal in the effectual treatment of lame backs and all weakness of the lumbar and genito-urinary organs."—Victoria Colonist, Sept. 11, 1886.
LANGLEY & Co., Wholesale Agents, Victoria, B. C.
Retail by E. Pimbury & Co., Nanaimo; T. Pickard, Denman Island; R. B. Richardson, Cowichan; A. R. Johnson & Co., Chemainus; J. McNeely, Ladner's Landing; A. M. Herring and D. S. Curtis & Co., New Westminster; H. McDowell & Co., Vancouver; McCartney & Bro., Kamloops and Vancouver; Clarke & Co., Kamloops; W. R. Megaw, Priest Valley; and Vancouver Drug Co., Vancouver. sept 11

COCKLE'S
ANTIBILIOUS
PILLS.

The Great English Medicine.
OF
PURELY VEGETABLE INGREDIENTS, AND WITHOUT MERCURY. USED BY THE ENGLISH PEOPLE FOR OVER 120 YEARS. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
WHOLESALE AGENTS,
EVANS SONS & MASON, LTD.
MONTREAL.

DR. VANMONCISCAR,

132, 134, Third Street, Portland, Or.

Young, middle-aged and old, single or married men, and all who suffer from
LOST MANHOOD,
Nervous Debility, Spermatorrhea, Seminal Losses, Sexual Decay, Failing memory, Weak Eyes, Lack of Energy, Impediments to Marriage; also, Blood and Skin Diseases, Syphillis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Weak Back, Burning Urine, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture—receive searching treatment, and prompt relief.
Both Sexes consult confidentially.
nov1 D&W

CHAS HAYWARD
Funeral Director
and Embalmer.
Langley Street, Victoria.

ISLAND RAILWAY
Cordwood and Timber Yard
RUSSELL'S STATION.
First-Class Cordwood, and full cords guaranteed.
Cedar Posts and Poles for sale, and delivered to all parts of the city, at reasonable rates.
ADAM INNES, Agent.
Corner Johns and Government Streets
Telephone Call No. 123. jal

Railways and Steamers.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY,

OUR NATIONAL HIGHWAY
Shortest, Quickest,
AND IN EVERY RESPECT,
THE BEST ROUTE,
TO
Toronto, Montreal, Ottawa, Hamilton, Halifax, Portland, New York, Boston, St. Paul & Chicago.
Daily Solid Through Trains
FROM
VANCOUVER TO MONTREAL.
NO CHANGE OF CARS.
Through Second-class Sleepers FREE OF CHARGE.
LOWEST RATES
Remember our Scenery is without exception the Grandest in the World. You pass through an ever-changing Panorama of Mountains, Lakes, Rivers, Canyons and Glaciers—Prairies—delighting every one who has travelled over the Canadian Pacific Railway.
When going East, purchase Tickets by this Line.
Mark and Consign your Freight via C. P. Railway. Lowest Rates. No Transfers.
For Tickets, Sleeping Car Berths, and all information, apply at office of the
Canadian Pacific Navigation Company
whose steamers make close daily connection with all through trains.
G. V. HEATHCOTE, Contracting Agent. D. E. MUNRO, Ticket Agent.
D. E. BROWN.
District Freight and Passenger Agent.

To San Francisco, Cal.,

BY WAY OF THE
OREGON & CALIFORNIA R. R.
AND CONNECTIONS.
THE MT. SHASTA ROUTE.
Quicker in Time Than Any Other Route between
VICTORIA & SAN FRANCISCO.
Leave Victoria daily, except Sunday, at 6 p. m.
Arrive in San Francisco at 7:40 a.m.
Through Time 56 hours.
ONLY TWENTY MILES STAGING between Ashland and Cole's.
PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS between Portland and Ashland, Cole's and San Francisco.
Fare from Portland to Sacramento and San Francisco:—Limited First Class, $22; unlimited, $30; limited emigrant, $15.
R. KOEHLER, Manager. E. P. ROGERS, Gen. Freight & Pass. Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC Navigation Co.

(LIMITED.)
TIME TABLE NO. 7.
Taking effect June 1st, 1887.

Burrard Inlet Route.
VICTORIA TO
Vancouver and Moodyville.
Daily except Monday, at 2 o'clock.
Saturday, at 2 o'clock.
Vancouver to Victoria.
Daily except Monday, at 13:00 o'clock.

New Westminster Route.
LEAVE VICTORIA
For New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island,
Sunday, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass
Wednesday, at 7 o'clock.
Leaves New Westminst'r for Victoria,
Monday at one p.m.; Thursday and Saturday at 7 a.m.
Tuesday, at 4 a. m.; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass,
Thursday at 7 o'clock.
Steamers for HOPE and WAY LANDINGS leave New Westminster every Monday. For CHILLIWHACK and WAY LANDINGS every Thursday and Saturday.
Steamer Maude
Will leave for Bear River and intermediate points, Thursday, July 7 at — p. m.
The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.
Steamers leave by Standard Time, which is 13 minutes faster than Victoria time.
G. A. CARLETON, GEN. AGENT. JOHN IRVING, MANAGER
March 17, 1887.

Oceanic Steamship Company.

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails.
WILL LEAVE the Company's Wharf, Folsom Street, San Francisco, California, for
AUCKLAND AND SYDNEY, WITHOUT CHANGE
THE MAGNIFICENT 3000 TON Iron Steamer
MARIPOSA,
July 29 .... at 2 p. m.
Or immediately on arrival of the English mails.
FOR HONOLULU.
The magnificent steamer "Australia," July 19.
For freight or passage, apply at office, 327 Market St. JOHN D. SPRECKELS & BROS., 327 Market Street, San Francisco, California.
nov26

PACIFIC
Mail Steamship Co

COMPANY'S STEAMERS sail for
Hongkong via Yokohama
City of Sydney .... July 23, 3 p. m
Oceanic .... August 2
City of Rio de Janeiro .... Aug. 13, 2 p.m.
For New York via Panama,
Steamers will sail 1st and 15th of each month at 10 a. m. for ports of call. See San Francisco papers.
WILLIAMS, DIMOND & CO., Gen. Agents, San Francisco.
aug 4

GENERAL
PASSENGER AGENCY.

ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP LINES.
To or from Great Britain or the Continent.
Berths secured in advance by telegraph.
HALL & GOEPEL,
GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA.

Hudson's Bay Company.

A Supply of Cantrell & Cochrane's **CLUB SODA**

Just received; also of the following brands of

HAVANA CIGARS.

Calliope, Picador, Oscar Y Amanda, Intimidad, Henry Clay, Manuel Garcia.

Sole Agents for the following **DOMESTIC CIGARS: Leader, La Re Gorria, Arabi, Bayadera, Carissima.** Also for

DUKE'S CAMEO CIGARETTES

And LEMP'S ST. LOUIS BEER.

The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Victoria, Wednesday, July 6, 1887.

DIED.

RAMSAY.—In this city, on the 5th inst., John Ramsay, a native of England, aged 55 years. The funeral will take place on THURSDAY, at 2:30 p. m., from the Masonic Hall, Douglas street.

CITY AND PROVINCE.

—Council meeting to-night.

—Kurtz's Jubilee Cigars are now ready.*

—The gate receipts of the Caledonian picnic amounted to $800.

—Money saved by having your plan made by FISHER, the ARCHITECT. *

—The C. P. R. wharf at Vancouver is to be lengthened. The present one is inadequate for the traffic already offered.

—For a delicious MILK PUNCH or a genuine COCKTAIL go to the Pritchard House. *

—Travel via the C. P. R. is steadily increasing in volume both to and from the coast.

—Banjos, Guitars, Violins and Zithers, etc., at lower prices than ever, at M. W. Waitt & Co's music store. *

—Water-works will be the prominent theme for discussion by the City Fathers to-night.

—Tuning and Repairing—All kinds of musical instruments. H. PETERS, Jamieson's book store. *

—An accordeon, nearly NEW, is in the hands of the police, who are seeking for the owner.

—Photographic views along the line of the C. P. R. in B. C., for sale at R. MAYNARD'S, Douglas St. *

—Rain is badly wanted. The ground in the country is fairly scorched. The parched land crieth out for water, water.

—BABY CARRIAGES, the cheapest and best in the city at SHORE & ANDERSON'S, Douglas street. *

—The Orange body propose holding a grand demonstration in New Westminster on the 12th inst., the anniversary of the battle of the Boyne.

—CLEAR THE TRACK—Give Pendray & Co.'s QUEEN JUBILEE SOAP a show; it is the best ever offered to the public as a laundry and toilet soap combined; try it.*

—The annual meeting of the Board of Trade will be held in the Board room, Bank of British Columbia building, next Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

—No need of spoiling your hands or injuring your finest fabrics, if you will use Pendray & Co.'s "QUEEN JUBILEE SOAP."

—The Messrs. Manshan Bros., New Westminster, have burned their fourth kiln of brick and have now about 600,000 on hand.

—Mr. Kelly, of the Caledonia Hotel, Port Moody, is building a two-story frame hotel at the junction, some two miles east of the port.

—The enquiry in the case of Policeman Hooson was held to-day by the Police Committee and Supt. of Police. Decision was reserved.

—On her return trip the steamship Sardonyx will bring from Portland 250 tons of flour, to be shipped per the Parthia on her outward trip on the 11th instant.

—Tomb and Headstones, Monuments, in Marble, imported and local Granite, Mantle pieces and Wash Stands in Marble, artistically executed, and at reasonable rates, at George Rudge's Marble Works, Douglas street, Victoria. Call and see specimens of work. *

—The North Pacific which arrived at 3 p. m. brought over a large number of passengers including the Portland base ball team, returning excursionists and several visitors.

—REDUCED PRICES:—Just received over 250 patterns fine mouldings, steel engravings and all latest pictures in stock. Framing and mounting a specialty. JOS SOMMERS, Government street. *

—The raffle for the Broadwood Piano will take place at M. W. Waitt's & Co's music store on Thursday, July 7th, at 8 p. m. Persons holding tickets will please attend. *

—Dr. A. C. West, dentist, will for the present occupy dental rooms in Hastings Photographic buildings, Fort street, where his old patrons and all requiring fine dental work, are respectfully invited to call. *

—Three first-class teams of draught horses, weight ranging from 1200 to 1500 pounds each, wagons and harness complete; also one mare suitable for family use, weight 1050, for sale. Apply to J. Haggerty, Rae St., between Douglas and Blanchard streets. *

—The Hastings Mill wharf at Vancouver is now bare of ships for the first time in several months. It is not known yet whether any more vessels will be chartered as some changes in the proprietorship of the mills is likely to take place. So says the *News-Advertiser*.

—The North Pacific to-day had a heavy passenger list. The Tacoma excursionists returned weary and foot sore, and thoroughly tired after the two days' festivities in that city. They claim to have enjoyed themselves to their heart's content.

—The nuptials of Mr. J. H. Hughes of this city and Miss Hill who has just arrived from England, will be celebrated this evening at the residence of Mr. Jas. Gray, near the junction of Douglas and Government streets. In advance of the event THE TIMES extends to the happy young couple its congratulations and best wishes.

On the Way.

The British bark Peushaw, Hongkong to Victoria, 30th May, took 8,002 bags paddy rice, 1,900 bags rice, 1,239 packages tea, (unknown), 15 boxes opium, 130 boxes oil, 41 boxes fire crackers, 41 boxes Chinaware, 1,219 boxes Samshoo, 10 bags peas, 52 boxes flour, 179 packages Soy, 110 bags beans, 2 boxes fireworks, 844 packages merchandise.

Bogus Papers.

The examination of the certificates in the possession of the Chinese who arrived last night resulted in three bogus papers being found. The holders will be held in custody till the $50 head tax is paid.

The Parthia.

On the arrival of the S. S. Parthia in Vancouver an address was presented to Captain Brough by the passengers expressing their appreciation of his efforts to make the voyage comfortable and referring to the suitableness of the Parthia for the service. Successive head winds were experienced during the voyage. The following is the list of passengers: The Marquis and Marchioness of Huntly and two European servants, E J Brook, Mr and Mrs J K Cunningham, 6 children and 2 native servants, Dr and Mrs R E Campbell, Mr M Cooper, A H Dawbarn, W C Dawe, Captain W N Deane, George D McKay, E J Beaumont Nesbitt, V J Watney and servant, B Roth, C Watney, H S Wilkinson, Rev and Mrs E R Woodman, four children and native servant, C Parnell and P. Walton. Total number of first-class passengers, 37. The Chinese passengers numbered 100, billed for the following ports: Port Townsend 3, San Francisco 17, Portland 10, New York 27, Victoria 32½ (one boy) and 9 Victoria merchants returning from a visit to China. There were also 10 Japanese for New York. The cargo consisted of 35,472 pkgs. tea, 21 pkgs. silk, 6615 pkgs curios and rice.

A gentleman who came over on the S. S. Parthia states that it was possible the S. S. Batavia would not be ready in time to sail for Vancouver on the time card, and it was rumored that the S. S. Augusta had been chartered to take her place for this trip. The Augusta is a smaller vessel than the Batavia, but will carry fully as much freight.

A Pleasant Re-union.

One of the most pleasant affairs in connection with Vancouver's festivities was the St. George's dinner held in the Greyhound hotel on Saturday night last. The spread provided by Messrs. Cole & Musgrave was a most excellent one, and enjoyed by all present. Mr. Porter, President of the Vancouver St. George's Society, occupied the chair, and Mr. Sumner the vice. Amongst those present were Mr. Chas. Semlin, M. P. P., Mr. Townsend, President of the New Westminster society, and Mr. Sam. Brighouse, and about forty others. The table was nicely decorated, and the menu furnished by mine host was excellent, and spoke volumes for the quality of the house. After the opening remarks of the chairman the usual loyal and patriotic toasts were drank, after which followed the Mayor and Corporation, Trade and Commerce, St. George's Society, The Pioneers, Army and Navy, Learned Professions, the Ladies and the Press. The toasts were all responded to in appropriate speeches, and between each toast a song was sung which enlivened the proceedings and kept the whole company in a happy vein. Shortly before midnight the dinner was brought to a successful close by the whole company singing "God Save the Queen."

Increased Duty on Opium.

The recent increase of $1 per pound upon crude opium imported into the Dominion, it is believed, will have the effect of stopping to a great extent the smuggling of the drug into the United States. A considerable amount of money is invested in this city in appliances for cooking and refining opium for the market, and the new duty on the crude article will so increase the cost of it in the refined state that the Chinese will not care to take the risk of attempting to smuggled it. The news of the increase produced quite a commmotion upon the opium merchants of Chinatown.

Leech River.

Several parties are prospecting this stream and its branches. Some are prospecting for quartz while others are looking for gravel diggings. One company on the river are fluming and have fair prospects of being well remunerated for their outlay and labor. On San Juan river there is a company of miners engaged in prospecting one of the bars. They have found sufficient gold to induce them to put on sluices and go to work in a proper manner to thoroughly test their ground.

From M. Sullivan, M. D., President of the Medical Association of Canada: Kingston, Oct. 19, 1883.—From conversations with Mr. Laurance, examination of his accurate, varied and highly finished glasses, together with observation of cases benefitted, I have pleasure in strongly recommending him as a gentleman worthy of entire confidence. M. SULLIVAN, M. D. B. Laurance's spectacles sold only by D. E. Campbell, Fort street.

Tony Cigars.

Clarke's Extradition.

A San Francisco dispatch of the 1st inst., states that papers from Washington, signed by the President and Secretary of State, for the extradition of Alexander P. Clarke, the Truckee forger, held at Victoria, have been received by Henry N. Morse. Detective Jerome Deasy will go after Clarke on the next steamer.

English Window Glass, 16 oz., all sizes; also Stained and Enamelled Glass, at Muirhead and Mann's Sash and Door Factory.

The Place for Bargains.

J. Sehl has just opened, in addition to his well assorted stock of Furniture, Carpets, Oil Cloth and Linoleum, a complete line of Crockery, Glassware, Lamps, and Bar Glasses, the finest ever offered in the country, at remarkably low prices, having arrived before the advance in freight rates.

A New Arrival.

The many friends of the gentlemanly proprietor of the Clarence Hotel are congratulating him to-day upon a new arrival in that famous hostelry. The new lodger has come to stay and is no less a personage than a bouncing baby boy.

Black and Tan Cigars.

Just Received

500 most popular books of the day, 60 cts. each.
Japanese paper napkins.
Artists' materials.
Ladies' satchels.
Ladies' purses.
New lines of stationery.
Next door to Post Office.
B. C. STATIONERY CO.

PERSONALS.

Mr. J. B. Ferguson was a passenger by the North Pacific from the Sound to-day.

Supt. Bloomfield returned from the Tacoma celebration yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon have reached their home in Nanaimo from the east.

Mr. Reid, M. P., spent a few days at Vancouver on his return from his parliamentary duties at Ottawa.

Mr. H. Cole, of Vancouver, is in the city, attending an interesting ceremony which takes place this evening.

Mr. D. Chisholm, M. P., has reached his home in New Westminster from Ottawa.

Mr. Cartmell, engineer in the naval yard, Esquimalt, returned from Tacoma yesterday, where he had been visiting.

His Worship Mayor Fell returned from Tacoma to-day. He appears to have enjoyed himself thoroughly.

Dr. Powell, Indian Commissioner, arrived from Kootenay to-day via the Sound.

Mr. W. G. Parmelee, Assistant Commissioner of Customs, is on his way to this coast. He is accompanied by Mrs. Parmelee.

Mr., Mrs. and Miss Dawson, of St. Helen, California, who have been the guests of Mr. Joseph Sayward, leave for home in the morning.

Mr. John P. Smith, of Ashcroft, is in the city attending the teachers' examination. He will remain here till about the middle of the month

The Marquis and Marchioness of Huntly, who came from China by the Parthia, came over from Vancouver last night and are registered at the Driard.

Mr. J. K. Murray, who was reported to have suicided in San Francisco some weeks ago, has written from Toronto to a business man in this city.

Mr. A. L. Stamford, of the New Westminster gas works, is in the city. He reports substantial progress being made with the Vancouver works, and that those in the Royal and black diamond cities are giving entire satisfaction.

Deputy Minister of the Interior, Mr. A. M. Burgess, and Mrs. Burgess, Mr. H. H. Smith, Chief Dominion Land Commissioner, Winnipeg, and Mrs. Smith took a trip over the Island Railway to-day to Wellington and Nanaimo.

THE ORIENTAL SERVICE.

Vancouver to Yokohama and Hongkong—The Mail Subsidy.

It is reported that the tender of the Canadian Pacific Railway for the mail is as follows: It has offered to contract for the ocean service at a speed of 15 instead of 11 knots, and to build its boats under Admiralty supervision, so that they may be readily converted into armed cruisers, for a subsidy of £10,000 per annum. In addition to this it also offers to carry China and Japan mails for 3,500 miles across the continent of America free of charge, also to carry troops and government stores over the same distance of land and over the ocean at cost price, thus making the route an Imperial highway. The subsidy is calculated on the price per mile which the British government pays the Peninsular and Oriental company for the voyage of India and China mails via Suez, and by this estimate the amount in subsidy for fortnightly service each way between Vancouver and Hongkong would be £105,000 per annum. The other tender, that of the Morgan company, asks for the Pacific service alone to be performed at a speed of 11 knots. There are, of course, in this latter tender none of the advantages offered in the application by the Canadian Pacific Railroad with regard to land carriage.

Hotel Arrivals.

At the Clarence: W S Dickinson and Thos Cairns, City; L T Appleby, Matsqui; H R Harrison, Vancouver; W Dufour, Vancouver.

At the Driard fourteen of the Cook excursion party, L C Marchouse, San Leandro, Cal; Miss Newbery, San Leandro, Cal; S L Blumander, Ellensburgh, W T; Miss Lillie Robinson, Miss Lizzie Robinson, Ellensburgh, W T; J B Pearce, Ellensburgh, W T; W E Collins, Toronto; G Ford, Vancouver; E Deville, Ottawa; V J Watney, C Watney, E J Nesbitt and W Langley, Vancouver; Percival Wotton, London, Eng; C Daniels, Lord and Lady Huntley.

At the Oriental: Wm Ward, Spinks, Kamloops; A O Hastings, Hastings; H Gregory, Mrs Bray, Miss Randall, Phillips Coote, Vancouver.

In Brief and to the Point.

Dyspepsia is dreadful. Disordered liver is misery. Indigestion is a foe to good nature.

The human digestive apparatus is one of the most complicated and wonderful things in existence. It is easily put out of order.

Greasy food, tough food, sloppy food, bad cookery, mental worry, late hours, irregular habits, and many other things which ought not to be, have made the American people a nation of dyspeptics.

But Green's August Flower has done a wonderful work in reforming this and business and making the American people so healthy that they can enjoy their meals and be happy.

Remember! No happiness without health. But Green's August Flower brings health and happiness to the dyspeptic. Ask your druggist for a bottle. Seventy-five cents.

From the Flowery Kingdom.

Among the passengers by the Yosemite last night were 38 Chinese, who had come over from China on the Parthia for this city. A few were merchants returning from a visit to the Flowery Kingdom, but the majority were new arrivals. All were provided with certificates. These the customs officials refused to accept without a careful examination, and all, excepting a few who paid the $50 head tax under protest, were detained during the night in charge of a watchman. This morning they were marched up to the custom house in double file by the sub-collector to undergo an examination of themselves and their certificates by Mr. Gardner, interpreter.

Information Wanted.

The Providence, R. I., Chief of Police has written to Supt. Bloomfield enquiring on behalf of his friends for one John Sim, a native of that city, who has resided here at one time or other. Sim is a young man about 25 years of age, dark complexion and medium height. A man of the same name was killed in the Nanaimo explosion and whether it was the party enquired for or not his friends would like to learn. Anyone who knows anything about the young man should communicate with Superintendent Bloomfield.

New Westminster District.

The Ottawa *Free Press* is authority for the statement that Mr. D. H. Chisholm's seat will become vacant before next session. He says he was by no means pleased with his parliamentary experiences of last session, is averse to the turmoil of politics, and finds the work thrown upon him as a member much greater than he anticipated."

Consignees.

Per North Pacific: Boucherat & Co, E Mayer & Co, W P Sayward, Mrs La Prince, S J Pitts, M Miller, Moore & Co.

Maple Syrup.

Direct from the grove of Frelligsburg; the first of the season, NEUFELDER & ROSS.

Highland Dancing.

The remarks in yesterday's TIMES anent the awards for Highland dancing at the Caledonian picnic have given rise to some discussion amongst our Scottish friends who are votaries of terpsichore. So far as Mr. Donald McKay is concerned nothing could be more graceful than his steps—both in the fling and the strathspeys. But when his numerous friends claim that his was the only correct fling dancing competent judges most distinctly dissent from such an assumption. We believe Mr. McKay himself will not claim that he was dancing the orthodox favorite Highland fling. Mr. McKay acquitted himself admirably, for, although well up in years, he is still as youthful and agile on his feet as if he were still in his teens. The applause which invariably greets him as he steps on the "boards" bedecked in his Highland garb is proof that his stepping it on the light fantastic is appreciated by his many admirers in this city. Teachers, however, should distinguish between strathspeys and the correct fling when instructing the youth and the novices in this city.

Chinese Women.

Among the Chinese who arrived by the Parthia for this city were eight females presumably brought here by procuresses for purposes of prostitution. A Chinese beauty who arrived here on the last San Francisco steamer is said to have been up to $1400 already; and as she has not yet been knocked down it is inferred that the upset price of the old hag who holds her is something beyond that figure. These girls are said to be purchased in China for about $100. Their passage out costs $60, and the head tax is $50 so that it will be seen from a monetary standpoint there is a strong inducement for the unscrupulous to engage in this nefarious traffic in Chinese girls. These people do not come of their own accord but are brought and held in slavery a fact which of itself should arouse enlightened humanity against such iniquity. Besides as it is reasonable to suppose that the better class of Chinese women are kept away by the presence of large numbers of prostitutes it is not only worth while but it is the bounden duty of the authorities to do what they can to stop the nefarious commerce.

Our Manufactures Abroad.

To-day a shipment of soap was made by the British Columbia soap works to St. John, N. B. A sample was sent there some time since as a test lot. The result was so satisfactory that a considerable order was received by Messrs. Pendray & Co. This firm claim that were freight rates to Winnipeg and intermediate points at all reasonable they could supply that vast section with an article giving the best of satisfaction in every respect. The prevailing rates debar them from a market which is theirs legitimately.

Good Investments.

We have several FIRST CLASS BUSINESSES for sale, and those wishing to invest in Victoria should first call on us. PICKERING & Co., Fort street, box 634. *

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders.—SOLD ONLY IN CANS. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co. 106 Wall Street, New York.

NEW TO-DAY.

THE ATTENTION OF

Tourists and Visitors,

As well as that of the general public, is directed to the

VICTORIA

Transfer Company's

LIVERY and HACK RATES.

This Company have the Largest and Finest Stables and the Best Stock of Horses and Vehicles in the City.

A Special Reduction in Livery charges is made for those desiring a short drive after Six in the evening.

☞ Hacks supplied any hour of the day or night at reasonable and uniform rates.

jul6

FUNERAL NOTICE

MEMBERS OF VANCOUVER AND QUADRA Lodge, No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B. C. R., are hereby notified to attend the funeral of our late brother John Ramsay, from Masonic Temple on Thursday, July 7th, 1887, at 2.30 P. M.

Members of Victoria-Columbia Lodge and sojourning brethern are cordially invited to attend. By order of the W. M.

jul5 2i MUNROE MILLER, Secretary.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. COMP'Y

DISPATCH A STEAMER

Every Saturday for San Francisco

Leaving the outer wharf at One o'clock p.m.

July 9th. - - - MEXICO.

Shippers must notify us when room for freight is required.

No Freight received after 6 p.m. Friday, 8th July.

WELCH, RITHET & CO., Agents.

Wharf Street, Victoria. jul5

"Masens & Crown"

"SELF-SEALING JAM JARS,"

Pints, Quarts and Half-Gallons, in Case Lots or by the Dozen, at

RUSSELL, McDONALD & Co.'s

CHEAP VARIETY STORE

Masonic Building, Douglas Street.

N. B.—A Large Stock of Agate and Enamelled Iron Preserving Kettles in stock, Very Cheap. jel30

CITY BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

FELL'S BLOCK, FORT STREET.

CLEARING OUT SALE

OF

BOOTS & SHOES.

To save trouble of moving, our whole Stock is offered

AT COST, FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS.

Our stock of TRUNKS and VALISES BELOW COST, on account of not having room in the new store. The whole thing to be cleared out. TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

Now is the time. We have the largest and finest line in British Columbia, and next month we will meet our friends, patrons and the public generally in our new store on Government Street, now occupied by Shears & Page.

jul2 **GEO. H. MAYNARD, Proprietor.**

Spring Tweeds

AND

SUPERB TROUSERINGS

JUST RECEIVED.

A. GREGG & SON,

ARTIST TAILORS,

Yates Street, - - - Opposite Langley.

feb11

VALISES AND SATCHELS

The Finest Line in Town, Selling at Cost Prices, to make room for Fresh Supply of Boots, daily expected.

☞ INSPECTION SOLICITED.

Baker's Boot & Shoe Store, - Government St.

Estate of Coursier & Johnston.

THE SECOND DIVIDEND has been declared and is now payable at the office of

W. HEATHORN,
For Assignees.

jul4 3i

Law Society of British Columbia.

THE ADJOURNED EXAMINATION OF Law Students will be held on Wednesday, the 6th of July next.

jul5 J. P. WALLS, Secretary.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to noon Saturday, 9th inst., for the erection of a Cottage Residence.

The Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

JOHN TEAGUE,
jul4 6d Architect.

TO CREDITORS.

ALL PARTIES HAVING CLAIMS against the late C. Rasmussen, are hereby notified to send the same to Mrs. C. Rasmussen, Yates street, or to A. Bossi, corner of Yates and Broad streets, on or before the 1st day of August next.

jul7 6d A. BOSSI, Executor.

CARD OF THANKS.

THE undersigned begs to thank Mr. Leask and other neighbors, Engineer Phillips and the Fire Brigade for their timely aid in suppressing the recent fire in his premises.

J. L. LEVY.
Victoria, July 4, 1887. jul4

DESIRABLE FARM FOR SALE

In Victoria District.

300 ACRES, INCLUDING GOOD SWAMP and Uplands, good Dwelling House and Barns; suitable for Sheep-raising. For particulars, address W. P. O. Box 136. Price $6,500. Part can remain on mortgage at 6 per cent jel3

TRAINED NURSES.

TWO HOSPITAL TRAINED "SISTERS" ARE now in this city and prepared to

Nurse All Kinds of Cases, Medical, Surgical, Mental and Midwifery.

Charges will be suited to the means of the persons requiring their services.

Address the NURSING SISTERS, P. O. Victoria. my31

FOR SALE.

Five Good Milch Cows.

jel30 Apply at this office.

One Price in Plain Figures.

Goods Exchanged or Money Refunded

Mechanics' Cash Store,

48 JOHNSON STREET,

mar11

Caledonia Dye Works,

DOUGLAS STREET,

NEXT TO ROYAL HOTEL.

THE UNDERSIGNED is prepared to do all kinds of

CLEANING AND DYEING.

Particular attention paid to dyeing Blankets, Shawls, Ladies and Gentlemen's clothing, Feathers, Silk Fringe, Lace, Velvets, Crape and Paisley Shawls, Damask Curtains, and Piece goods.

June24 JAMES ALLISON.

The Mineral Baths

OF THE

HARRISON HOT SPRINGS,

HARRISON LAKE, B. C.

Daily yield over 250,000 gallons at 154 deg. F.

Analysis of Water by Prof. W. T. Wenzell, Ph. G. M. D., of California:

Sulphuretted Hydrogen.	Sulphate of Sodium.
Sulphate of Calcium.	Sulphate of Magnesia.
Chloride of Sodium.	Chloride of Potassium.
Alumina.	Silica.

One wine gallon contains 80¾ grains solid mineral matter.

The medical profession send patients who suffer from Paralysis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Dyspepsia, Venereal Diseases, Mercurial Poisoning, Salt Rheum, and other skin affections, while Dyspepsia is quickly and permanently cured by these waters; and no better tonic to restore tired or tried nature exists.

MT. ALICE HOTEL is now open with accommodation for 75 guests. First class in every respect. Terms reasonable and in advance.

This Mineral Water can be had of the Express Agent at Agassiz Station at 25 cents per gallon.

No improper persons allowed in the Hotel.

The C. P. N. Co. will issue Round Trip Tickets to Vancouver, fare only $4. Round Trip Tickets Vancouver or Westminster to Agassiz Station, C. P. R., only $3, good for 15 days.

A STAGE will meet all trains daily at Agassiz Station, C. P. R., connecting with the Springs; fare $1.

NOTE—Return portion of C. P. N. Tickets must be endorsed by the Manager of the Hot Springs before presentation on steamer and used within 24 hours after endorsation; the ticket is good, however, while remaining at the Springs.

SATURDAY EXCURSIONS over C. P. R., Vancouver or Westminster to Agassiz and return, good until following Monday; fare, Round Trip, $2.50. jel0 w3 D & W

Citizens Insurance Co

OF CANADA.

Established 1864. Capital $1,000,000.

ACCIDENT DEPARTMENT.

The most liberal Policies, giving most benefits of any Company. Indemnity for Partial Disablement.

TRIP TICKETS on sale as follows: For $2000 Accidental Death, or $15 Weekly Indemnity, covering passage to the following points:—To Nanaimo, 15c; to Vancouver, New Westminster, Port Townsend, Seattle or Tacoma, 25c. To Portland, Or., Calgary, Winnipeg, Ottawa, Toronto, Montreal or Quebec, 50c.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Risks taken at the lowest Current Rates of Premium according to the Hazard. Prompt settlement of losses.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

New and Attractive Plans, not offered by any other Company. The only Company offering the popular Coupon Endowment, and Life Endowment and Annuity Investment Bonds. Send for Circulars giving full particulars.

Special deposits at Ottawa with the Government for each department.

Gentlemen who can influence business should address us.

HART & DRIE.
Corner of View and Douglas street,
Victoria B. C.
General Agents for British Columbia and Washington Territory. my 8

To the Trade.

JUST LANDED,

A Large Assortment of

ENAMELLED IRONWARE,

Comprising Saucepans, Kettles, Frypans, Ewers, Basins, Mugs, Cups and Saucers, admirably adapted for Mining Camps, Farm Houses, Schools and Country Hotels.

—ALSO—

Jubilee China Ware.

Blanchy's Brandy, Claret, Mather's Whisky.

A. FERGUSON, Agent
DANIELL & CO., Government St.
Over Baker's Boot Store.
mar16 12m

THE OLD RELIABLE
JOHN BULL
BITTERS.

UNEQUALLED.

A. B. GRAY & CO.,
VICTORIA,
Sole Agents for British Columbia
nov23 D&W

The Entire Horse J. C.

WILL MAKE THE SEASON AT THE

Eureka Stables.

Only a limited number of Mares will be served.

Call and see the Pedigree at the Eureka Stables. my23

NOTICE.

B. C. DIRECTORY.

ALL BUSINESS FIRMS MAKING CHANGES in their establishments, or other persons of new firms, wishing to have their names inserted in the New Directory, free of charge, will please forward alterations or names to the publishers office Broad street.

E. MARCHANDAISE,
R. T. WILLIAMS.
Victoria, March 11, 1887. mar11

S. S. HYAMS,

OPTICIAN, 207 Fort Street, between Broad and Douglas, Victoria, B. C. Perfected Spectacles and Eye Glasses always on hand and carefully adjusted to suit; 4 years' practical experience in fitting glasses. Satisfaction guaranteed. ☞ OPTICAL GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION dec29 12m

REMOVAL.

S. C. BURRIS, ARCHITECT,

Has Removed to Corner Government and Broughton Streets, Rooms 7, 8 and 9 Stanley Building. jel0